The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 5. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY MAY 3, 1893 NO. 5

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

On and after Dec. 18th, 1892, trains will depart from Mapleton (eastern standadr time) as follows:

GOING WEST.

For Huntingdon, every day, 5.50, 11.48, a. m., and 8.32 p. m.

For Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg, every day, 5.50, 11.48 a. m., and 8.32 p. m.

Trains leave Altoona for Pittsburg, 1.15 (Columbian Ex.), 2.20, 4.10, 8.05 a. m., 1.55, 3.45, 6.20 (limited), 8.10 and 11.45 p. m., every day.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Cumberland and way stations, 8.35 a. m., and 6.35 p. m., week days.

Trains leave Tyrone for Curwensville and points on Tyrone and Clearfield branch, 8.20 a. m. and 3.15 and 7.30 p. m., week days.

Leave Tyrone for Lock Haven and points on Bald Eagle branch and the P. and E. R. R., 8.10 a. m., 3.10 and 7.25 p. m., week days.

Connection is made at (Union Station) Pittsburg for all points West, Northwest and Southwest.

GOING EAST.

Leave Mapleton for Lewistown Junc., 8.47 12.12, a. m., 3.38 and 7.35, p. m., every day.

For Mifflin, 8.47 12.12 a. m., 3.38 and 7.35, p. m., every day.

For Harisburg, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimorer and Washington, 8.47, 12.12 a. m. 3.38, 7.35 p. m., every day.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Sunbury and points on the P. and E. R. R. and N. C. Ry. at 7.40 a. m., 3.00 p. m., week days.

Connection is made at Harrisburg for stations North and South on N. C. Ry.

Mail Express east leaves Altoona at 5:50 p. m., daily, Tyrone, 6:20; Birmingham, 6.35, Spruce Creek, 6:35; Petersburg, 6:47; Huntingdon, 7:00; Mapleton, 7:15; Mount Union, 7:21; Harrisburg, 10:15 and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia daily at 11:40 a. m., Mount Union 6:10 p. m.; Huntingdon, 6:30; Altoona, 7:50 and arrives at Pittsburg at 11:55 p. m.

Day Express east leaves Pittsburg at 8:00 a. m., daily, Altoona, 11:50 a. m.. Huntingdon, 12:48 p. m., Mount Union, 1:08; Harrisburg, 3:20, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.

Philadelphia Express east leaves daily, Pittsburg at 4:30 p. m., Altoona, 9:05; Huntingdon 10:12; Harrisburg, 1:00 a. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line east leaves Pittsburg at 8.10 p. m., daily, Altoona, 12:01 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:58; Harrisburg, 3:30, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 a. m.

Mail train west leaves Philadelphia daily at 7:00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11:20; Mount Union, 1:56 p. m., Huntingdon, 2:17; Altoona, 3:40, and arrives at Pittsburg at 8:10 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agents or address Thomas E. Watt. P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

To take effect at 6:00 a. m., on Wednesday, July 29, 1891.

NORTH. Mail, No. 5.	NORTH. Mixed, No. 3.	NORTH. Mixed, No. 1.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4.	SOUTH. Mixed, No. 6.
p. m.	a, m	a.m		a m.	p. m.	p. m.
12 56	9 15	6 00	Robertsdale	8 09	11 56	2 40
1 03	9 26	6 13	Cook's	7 57	11 43	2 29
1 17	9 39	6 27	Cole's	7 43	11 29	2 16
1 46	10 09	6 57	Saltillo	7 13	10 54	1 36
1 54	10 16	7 05	Three Springs	6 55	10 45	1 29
2 07	10 29	7 20	*Beersville	6 42	10 19	1 16
		7 35 am.	Rockhill	6 30a		
2 22	10 42	7 56	Rockhill	6 56p	9 56	12 56
2 47	10 58	7 55	Shirley	6 40	9 38	12 40
2 56	11 06	8 05	*Augh. Mills	6 33	9 30	12 33
3 15	11 20	8 25	Mount Union	6 20	9 15	12 20

Mixed, No. 7, leaves Robertsdale at 4.00, P. M., Cook's, 4.12, Cole's, 4.25, Saltillo, 4.50, Three Springs, 4.58, Beersville, 5.11, Rockhill, 5.24, Shirley, 5.40, Aughwick, 5.47; arrive Mt. Union, 6.00, P. M.

Mail, No. 8, leaves Mt. Union, 4.00, P. M., Aughwick, 4.15, Shirley, 4.23, Rockhill, 4.42, Beersville, 5.01, Three Springs, 5.23, Saltillo, 5.33, Cole's, 6.08, Cook's, 6.22; arrive Robertsdale, 6.35, P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. No. 12	WEST. No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST No. 9	EAST No. 13
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6 36	9 35	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 50
6 29	9 28	*Blacklog	6 37	4 57
6 21	9 20	*Cedar Rock	5 45	5 05
6 17	9 16	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 15
6 11	9 10	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 07
5 59	8 53	Stair	7 07	5 27
5 50	8 44	A Goshorn L	7 16	5 36

* Flag stations.

A. W. SIMS, Superintendent.

New Stage Route.

—BETWEEN—

Mapleton & Cassville.

Tri-weekly—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Leave Cassville, on each of the above named days, at 8.00 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Mapleton at 11 o'clock, a. m. Returning, leave Mapleton at any time to suit convenience of passengers. Fare, 50 cents. Merchandise carried at reasonable rates. W. A. WIGHT.

Cassville, Pa., July 3, 1889.-tf.

SIX each month, and articles on Fashion, SHORT and all matters of interest to the home STORIES Finely illustrated, $1.50 a year. SAMPLE copy for five two-cent stamps

ARTUR'S HOME MAGAZINE, Philadelphia, Pa

MAY.

Sweet May! that bids the orchards bloom
And warms the heart that's grown the serest,
Thou recompense for Winter's gloom,
Of all Spring months, indeed the dearest,
We greet thee with a welcome note
As jocund as the piping plover's,
And gladly doff the overcoat,
Unless too shabby what it covers.

Sweet May! Thy raiment now is cast
Upon the odor laden hours,
And Nature wakes again at last
To yield the sunshine, birds and flowers;
The world in beauty reigns complete,
As fair as we may hope to win it;
But, ah! there's bitter with the sweet,
For lo! the oysters R "not in it."

Sweet May! The brooks thy pæans sing
The while they babble in their flowing,
And trout athwart the surface spring
To glitter in the sunlight's glowing;
How to their banks the anglers haste
And spend the day in vainly trying
To land their fish—Alas! they waste
Their time and make amends by lying.

Sweet May!—but why thy claims rehearse,
Since they comprise so large a number,
To try to praise them all in verse
Would lull the reader into slumber!
Enough to know that May is here
To tempt the artists with their easels—
Dear mouth of beauty and of cheer,
And season also of the measels.

—*Donahoe's Magazine.*

The Neighbor's Boys.

When we moved into the neighborhood, I told my husband there was one thing which evidently would prove an insufferable annoyance. The streets were full of boys—horrid boys.

I fancied I never did like boys, and, having none of my own, it seemed shameful to have to put up with such a tribe of other people's as these were about us.

Mr. Wilburn said, soothingly, with a kind of a twinkle in his eye—I suppose the man remembered that he was once a "horrid boy" himself—"Oh, well, I wouldn't worry; perhaps the little chaps won't trouble you as much as you anticipate."

But just at that moment with a whoop and a bound came half a dozen of them round our alley; we were at supper, and as I turned to see what was the matter, I was only just in time to see half a dozen pairs of heels flying over the back fence.

"Well, did you ever!" I gasped.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Wilburn, "I've 'shined it' over the neighbor's fences more than a hundred times; my turn to take it now. That's all."

Well, it looked like a terrible trial. Of course, like every other woman, I wanted to be as popular with my neighbors as possible, so I resolved not to make any more fuss about it than I could help, but I had a guilty suspicion that poor Horace would bear fussing enough.

Well, they clattered and raced and whistled; they tooted and sung and climbed, and were veritable boys, I can assure you; yet, at the end of three days, I had not seen or heard, anything absolutely objectionable, only the general racket and running fire of sport continually kept up.

On the afternoon of the fourth day, which happened to be Saturday, a perplexity occurred. I had just received a note saying some friends were coming to tea, and, as my girl had not yet arrived, there was no one to send on some necessary errands.

I went to the door and looked anxiously forth to see how far off a store might be, and if I could take four-year-old Addie with me. One neighbor's boy was perched on the railing separating our piazza from the next one. Another was sitting on the fence. Two or three others lurked in the alley.

As my anxious face looked forth, the monkey on the fence actually took off his cap as he inquired respectfully:

'Have you lost anything, Mrs. Wilburn?'

"Oh, no," I said pleasantly, "I was only thinking of going an errand, and I didn't know just how to."

"Why, send us!" said the merry boy, with a bound off the fence and a nod towards the others.

"Will you really go?" I inquired as railing, fence and alley delivered up their phalanx.

"Why, bless you, yes, ma'am," said a boy with dimples—that 'horrid boy' actually had dimples—"why, that's what we're for! We hang around just to do errands and be useful. Mamma says that's what boys were made for."

I laughed a relieved laugh as I produced a basket and told of my wants, and in less than fifteen minutes those mimic locomotives came choo chooing around the yard with everything I sent for, and the change all right.

I was proceeding to give a cent or two all around, when with a whistle off they bounded, one little chap lingering to say with mock dignity:

"We young gentlemen never take pay till we do something."

Two or three days after just as Horace was starting out to business, we missed little Addie. She had skipped off while we were eating breakfast, and we thought she was with the girl who came the day before. The child was nowhere to be found. With pale faces Horace and I rushed to the door.

Boys everywhere.

"Oh, boys," I cried, "my little girl has run away; what shall I do?"

"Do! Why, find her of course!" was the uninterrupted chorus. "She hasn't run away from us, you better believe," said one consoling little fellow; "there isn't a corner in the city where sissy could hide and we not poke our noses in less time than you could say Jack Robinson."

"Oh, bless the dear boys!" I exclaimed, "how they do cheer me."

Horace looked at me, but said never a word.

I put on my bonnet to join the search, but before I reached the end of the long block two boys came around a distant corner carrying Addie "arm chair" on their clasped hands. A shrill whistle recalled the other scouts.

Horace produced a handful of small change, but a low bow from the boy with dimples was accompanied with the remarkable speech:

"We coves don't take change until folks know us, and then they never offer it."

But the time came when I broke down and cried, cried hard.

Horace came home from the city one day when we had been in our new home about a fortnight, very ill.

I was terrified at his appearance, he looked and seemed so sick.

When he got to the door, he declared afterwards, he could not manage his night-key, he was so [illegible]. But a ubiquitous boy unlocked the door for him, then two others helped him into the house, as deftly as if they had been men.

I met them in the hall and understood matters at a glance. A third boy had started with my message to the doctor in a trice. A fourth softly asked permission to take Addie up and down the sidewalk "for a little change," and I blessed the boy's thoughtfulness in the midst of my care and anxiety.

The two who helped Horace in staid with me, moving silently about assisting in little ways until Horace was in bed and the doctor came and reassured me. Then all at once there wasn't a boy to be seen; not a boy until about half an hour afterwards when I happened to go to the backdoor, and there perched on the fence in solemn conclave were seven of my neighbor's boys so silent I should never have suspected they were round unless I had seen them.

At my appearance one boy spoke up cheerily:

"You see we're only prowling around in case we should be wanted."

That was when I broke down and cried; not because of my anxieties, those were greatly relieved, but because I had called those dear, quiet helpful little fellows, "horrid boys."

Towards night, as a tap came at the outside door, I opened it to see a bright face look up into mine while a roguish voice remarked:

"The mourners are about to disperse for the night are there any errands?"

I kissed right into a dimple as I replied, cheerfully:

"No, my dear boy, nothing tonight, thank you."

Now they scamper freely around the yard, perch on and tumble over our fence, coddle Addie and chat with me at the open window, and I think my neighbors' boys are splendid, just splendid! The merry boys!

And to my real delight I heard one of them confide to Addie the other day that the fellows all thought her papa was one of the nicest gentlemen tney ever knew, and he added, heartily:

"And we all think you've got just the boss mamma!"—*Mrs. Harriet A. Cheever.*

Prehistoric Ruins in Africa.

"I have just returned from Europe," said Howard Hoffman, "where I have sojourned ever since my return from Zanzibar, six months ago. I have been pursuing a course of investigation in the British Museum that I had hoped would throw some light on the recent discoveries that have been made in Africa. Not far into the interior of Africa from Zanzibar I, in company with others, recently discovered traces of a prehistoric city of no small dimensions. This city that I speak of must have been a capital of some ancient province or kingdom. It was some five miles square and was surrounded by a wall of masonry, the foundations, with a few projections, of which still remain and indicate an excellent knowledge of masonry. The wall was undoubtedly meant for protection against enemies, for it was strongly built and must have been at least twenty feet high. It is now overgrown by great tropical vines, and parts of it extend through impenetrable morasses.

"Inside a few remains of houses still exist, and the outlines of a great temple or palace on the highest ground within the enclosure. Some excavations have been made and a few relics brought to light, such as pottery of the Egyptian type, and broken bits of welded copper that may have come from a suit of mail. Some idea of symmetry must have been obtained in that distant period, for the houses were built along streets or winding lanes, the precursor of our modern thoroughfares. The whole is overgrown at present by a mass of tropical plants and great old trees that have been standing for hundreds of years. To what nation those people belonged cannot be told, but the ruins would indicate that once Africa's shores were the seat of a great civilivation and a great commerce."—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

PERSONATING ST. PETER.

A Swindler Profits by Pretending that He Kept the Gates of Heaven.

The police of the district round Bezdon, Hungary, are looking for the man who recently swindled the widow Rezgel under the pretence of his being St. Peter.

Franz Rezgel, a peasant proprietor in Rezdon, died three weeks ago. He left his small farm and $400 in the savings bank to his childless widow. As Bezdon is a little nest of a place, every inhabitant knew of the bequest, as well as of the withdrawal of $200 from the bank by Mrs. Rezgel. On the evening of the day when she drew the money Mrs. Rezgel tied up the bills in a handkerchief, and laid the bundle under her pillow before going to bed. Shortly before midnight she was roused by a knock at her door.

"Who is there?" she called. The answer shook her simple, superstitious heart with fear. It was:

"I am he, the Holy Peter, who watches at the gate of heaven. Open to me; I bring a message from your husband."

Mrs. Rezgel fearfully obeyed her visitor's command, and a bearded figure in flowing white garments entered, took a seat, and in biblical language informed the old woman kneeling at its feet that her husband had waited for two days at the gate of heaven, through which he could not be admitted until his sins should have been washed away. The expense attendant upon cleaning Mr. Rezgel of his sins, the figure added, would be $400.

Without hesitation Mrs. Rezgel handed to the supposititious St. Peter the handkerchief containing $200 and promised to give him next evening the other $200 necessary to open the gates to the spirit of her husband.

St. Peter accepted the money and promised to return in twenty-four hours for the rest. When on the next day Mrs. Rezgel drew the rest of her deposit from the savings bank, the President became anxious for the welfare of the old woman and asked her what she intended to do with the money. She told him, and he at once sent to the nearest town for a policeman. The policeman, however, did not understand the urgency of the call, and delayed his response for twelve hours. Meantime "St. Peter" had obtained the balance of the ransom for Mr. Rezgel and had vanished.

APPOINTED BY CLEVELAND

A Batch of Nominations Made by the President.

The following appointments by President Cleveland have been announced at the White House: L. F. McKinney, of New Hampshire, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Colombia. Thomas L. Thompson, of California, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Brazil. George William Caruth, of Arkansas, to be Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States to Portugal. John M. Wiley, of New York, to be Consul of the United States at Bordeaux. Owen T. Rouse, of Arizona Territory, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Arizona. To be Attorneys of the United States: William E. Shutt, of Illinois, for the Southern District of Illinois; John W. Judd, of Utah, for the Territory of Utah. To be Marshals of the United States: Richard C. Ware, of Texas, for the Western District of Texas; George M. Humphrey, of Nevada, for the District of Nevada.

Luther F. McKinzey, of New Hampshire, was a candidate on the Democratic ticket for Governor of his State last year, but was defeated.

Thomas L. Thompson is the editor and publisher of the Sonoma Democrat, at Santa Rosa, now the center of a great fruit and wine producing section.

John M. Wiley is a native of Ireland, but came to America when four years of age. He is a wealthy citizen of East Aurora, N. Y., but has recently puchased a fine home in Buffalo.

THE LIBERTY BELL.

Started to Chicago With a Fine Display in Philadelphia.

There was a fine show of patriotism at Philadelphia, Penn., when the famous Liberty Bell began its journey from Independence Hall to Chicago.

Extensive preparations had been made by the Council's joint special committee for the event. The bell was lowered from its position in Independence Hall and placed in the hall opposite the museum, where it was viewed by throngs. Then it was placed upon a truck specially constructed for the purpose and escorted by Philadelphia's contingent of the Pennsylvania National Guard to the Pennsylvania Railroad depot at Thirty-second and Market streets, whence the train bearing the bell and its escort left for Chicago.

The parade formed at Independence Hall under the chief leadership of Brigadier-General Robert P. Dechert, and, headed by a detachment of police, moved amid the waving of flags and banners and the music of regimental bands. At the Union League the parade was reviewed by Mayor Stuart. Decorations throughout the city were general.

The streets through which the procession passed were crowded by thousands, who cheered and waved handkerchiefs as though the historic relic was a thing of life. It was 4:15 o'clock when the bell, mounted on a huge truck trimmed with flowers and flags and drawn by six bay horses, left Independence Hall. Two hours and a quarter later it arrived at the Pennsylvania Railroad freight yards, and at 7 o'clock was hoisted onto the car. The bell is guarded by four stalwart policemen, who will remain with it until the close of the Fair.

SETTLERS SCALPED.

Two Battles Between Cowboys and Navajo Indians.

The long-threatened war of the Navajo Indians against the settlers of the country in the vicinity of their lands has come at last, and with it the death of eight settlers. Such was the startling news received by Adjutant-General Kennedy, at Denver, Col.

At 9:45 o'clock the Adjutant-General received a telegram from Lieutenant Plummer, Indian agent of the Navajos, in which he stated that eight white men had been murdered by the Indians, who are now at war with the settlers.

He declared that the situation was a very critical one and asked that the troops be called out to prevent further bloodshed. The telegram was addressed to Governor Waite, but he is out of the city, and the matter was referred by Secretary Lorentz to the Adjutant-General.

Lieutenant Plummer stated that the people below Durango were in a wild state of excitement, and grave fears were entertained lest the Indians should continue their warfare along the valley.

In his message the Lieutenant stated that two battles had been fought already. The first was fought early in the day, when five men were killed, all settlers, while at another encounter three more whites lost their lives, and further bloodshed was anticipated.

DROWNED BY FOOLISHNESS.

Fatal Result of a Man's Determination to Get Ashore.

Three young men, Julius Falk, Martin Arlet and Charles Liptak, hired a boat at Cleveland, Ohio, and rowed out to the breakwater, they had been gone about an hour when Falk wanted to return, but the other two desired to stay out longer.

They were at that time alongside the east breakwater; Falk waited for his chance and took hold of an iron ring on the breakwater and said that he was going to get upon it.

He stepped on the edge of the boat, which quickly capsized, throwing them all into the water. Falk and Arlet could not swim, but they managed to get hold of the boat. It had turned upside down, and they tried to climb on top, but it rolled over like a log and they went down and were drowned. Liptak kept hold of the bow of the boat, and was almost dead when the tug Alva B. picked him up. Both bodies were recovered.

DISASTROUS TORNADOES.

Scores of People Killed and Wounded in Oklahoma.

Two distinct tornadoes, a terrific hail storm, and a waterspout combined to wreak awful destruction in the newly built towns in Oklahoma a few nights ago. The damage to property is very great.

At least on hundred lives were lost and five hundred persons hurt during the cyclones. Heavy storms and tornadoes also visited Texas, Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin.

The brunt of the storm was laid upon the prosperous little town of Norman, on the Santa Fe Railroad. At that point thirty-one people were killed, dozens were injured, and the town was almost completely destroyed. Business was suspended all over the Territory, and everybody able to render any assistance to the poor unfortunates or to help remove the dead bodies were out searching along the track of the tornado.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

MEAGRE details received immediately after the accident said that at least ten persons were killed in a collision between a runaway passenger train and freight train near Somerset, Penn.

SUPERINTENDENT LATHROP made an inquiry into the escape of the murderers, Roehl and Pallister, from Sing Sing (N. Y.) Prison, and decided that Hulse, a guard, and Maher, the yardman, were solely to blame.

DOCTOR WILLIAM EVERETT, Democrat, was elected to Congress from the Seventh District, Boston, Mass., to succeed Henry Cabot Lodge, by a plurality of forty-one over Speaker William E. Barrett. Returns from every ward, town and city in the district give Everett 9716 and Barrett 9675.

MEMBERS of the Daughters of the American Revolution, G. A. R., comrades and other citizens visited the Highlands of the Navesink, New Jersey, to attend the flag raising on the National flag staff in front of the two lighthouses located there. The firing of a National salute of twenty-one guns aboard the United States steamship Miantonomoh, and the responsive cannonading by the New Jersey Third Regiment National Guard, officially announced the hoisting of what is called the Faul Jones flag.

SECRETARY CARLISLE held a conference in New York City with the bank presidents in reference to the financial situation; he stated his objections to a Government bond issue and strongly condemned the Silver Purchase law; no new plan of action was considered necessary.

CAPTAIN GILBERT C. WILTSE, of the United States Navy, who commanded the Boston when her men raised the Stars and Stripes at Honolulu on January 16, died a few days ago at his home in Fifty-third street, New York City. He was fifty-four years old, and had served in the navy for nearly thirty-eight years.

THREE Italians were killed by the caving in of a sewer at Olean, N. Y.

South and West.

THE bronze monument to Christopher Columbus, erected by the World's Fair on the lake front at the foot of Congress street, Chicago, Ill., was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies. The height of the statue is twenty feet. Its pedestal of Maine granite is thirty feet, making a total altitude of fifty feet.

THE magnificent new armory of the First Regiment, Illinois National Guard, Chicago, Ill., has been destroyed by fire. Two men perished in the flames and others were rescued from immediate death by the heroism of the firemen, but not until they were badly injured.

THE Union Loan and Trust Company, capital $1,000,000, one of the foremost financial institutions of Sioux City, Iowa, made an assignment and closed its doors.

THE Danish steamer Gorm, containing the Russian exhibit for the World's Fair, arrived at Baltimore, Md. The captain of the steamer stated that the value of his cargo was $5,000,000.

TWO HUNDRED Zulus bound for the World's Fair took possession of a train just outside of Chicago, and imprisoned the conductor and a brakeman in a car. The Zulus held the trainmen responsible for the loss of some property.

BECAUSE Miss Carrie Wilson refused to marry him the Rev. Claude Wilson, of Shawnee, Ohio, took rat poison and died.

THE birthday of General Grant was celebrated in Galena, Ill.; Governor McKinley made an address.

"JIM" BURKE and "Sam" Massey, colored, were hanged in Bonham, Texas, in the presence of 10,000 people.

WHEN the Liberty bell reached Indianapolis, Ind., on its way to Chicago, ex-President Harrison delivered an address on it before the school children of the city.

Washington.

THE President decided not to accept the resignation of the delegates to the International Monetary Conference. The Commission will therefore remain unchanged, unless some of the members decline to serve. The conference will meet on May 30.

THE Cabinet decided to reject the offers of the New York bankers to supply gold to the Treasury.

THE President has appointed A. T. Sullivan Postmaster at Brooklyn, N. Y., vice George J. Collins, deceased.

Foreign.

THE suspension is announced of the London Chartered Bank of Australia, with a paid-up capital of $5,000,000, and reserve fund of $1,600,000.

QUEEN VICTORIA arrived at Windsor, England, from her visit to Florence, Italy.

A LARGE portion of the town of Kroutzberg, a place of about 1500 inhabitants, near Deutschbrod, Bohemia, has been destroyed by fire. The conflagration swept over 169 houses. Six persons perished in the flames, many others were injured, and about 500 have lost their homes.

COLUMBIAN GUARDS RESIGN

They Strike for More Pay at the World's Fair.

Columbian Guards at the World's Fair, Chicago, Ill., just before the opening, to the number of 195 sent in their resignations, and Colonel Rice realized that he had a full-sized strike on his hands. The men who resigned comprised ten First Sergeants, twenty-five Second Sergeants, fifty Duty Sergeants and 110 of the privates.

The trouble had been brewing for some time, but the wholesale resignation of the men was an unwelcome surprise to Colonel Rice. Nearly two months before the men applied for a raise in salary. They were paid $60 a month; they demanded $70, but did not get it.

"They were not inclined to discuss the scale of wages," said one of the men, "and so we decided to quit. Then, besides, we were not fairly treated in the matter of promotions. I joined the Guard at its inception, and I am just where I started. Young aristocrats from the East, sons of army officers, as a rule have been put over my head, not from merits, but from pull. Our work has increased 100 per cent., but our salary has remained stationary."

THE WALL FELL.

Disastrous Collapse of an Electric Plant's Foundation in Cincinnati.

An insecure foundation to an interior wall in the Card Company's electric plant, in course of construction at Hunt street and Broadway, Cincinnati, Ohio, caused the falling of the partition wall.

Fourteen bricklayers and their helpers, engaged on the fourth story, fell with the debris into the basement. One was killed outright and seven were injured, four fatally.

LATER NEWS.

THE officers of the Dutch warship Van Speyk were dined in New York City by the Holland Society.

THE 104th anniversary of President Washington's first inauguration was observed in New York City by a parade of patriotic organizations and services in St. Paul's Church.

ERASTUS WIMAN, the "King of Staten Island," as he has often been called, the advocate of commercial reciprocity with Canada, the promoter of numerous projects of more or less financial success, and until recently a member of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., has joined his wife in making an assignment in New York City for the benefit of his creditors.

AT Seattle, Washington, Nelsonton Sandborn, aged thirty, shot and killed Mrs. Mary Jensen, aged fifty, and then killed herself in the same manner. Mrs. Jensen was a rich widow; Sandborn was her gardner.

THE country northwest of Alton, Ill., was visited by a severe hail storm. The average size of hailstones was as large as an egg. Many roofs were shattered. The Missouri, Kansas and Eastern road's new tracks were washed away, causing a loss of $100,000.

LOOSE business methods and slow collections caused the failure of the private Bank of Salem, near Sioux Falls, South Dakota. The banking establishment of I. M. Strong & Son, at Bancroft, Mich., is in the hands of the Sheriff. The Bank of Americus, Ga., has again suspended payment.

PROFESSOR EGLESTON, of the Forestry Division, Agricultural Department, Washington, prepared for exhibition at the World's Fair a section of a tree 401 years old and a chart showing within the ten-year lines of growth the history of the world since Columbus's discovery.

JAMES B. EUSTIS, who takes the place of Thomas Jefferson Coolidge, United States Minister to France, arrived at Paris and was met at the station by the whole staff of the United States Embassy.

THE National Bank of Australasia, with 150 branches, has failed, with liabilities of $37,500,000 in the colonies alone; the crash was the result of a heavy run on the bank and its branches.

CHICAGO'S GUESTS.

The President, the Duke of Veragua and Liberty Bell.

The ceremonies formally opening Chicago's great six-months' reception to the universe began two days before the actual opening day, with three parades, one for President Cleveland, one for the Duke of Veragua and one for the old Liberty Bell.

The train bearing the President reached the Union Station five minutes afternoon. He was accompanied by Secretary and Mrs. Gresham, Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle, Secretary Herbert and his daughter, Secretary Morton, Ambassador Thomas F. Bayard, Rear Admiral Gherardi, and J. W. Morton, son of the Secretary of Agriculture. Escorted by Federal and State troops the Governor of Illinois, the Mayor of Chicago, members of the World's Fair Directory and of the National Commission and members of the City Council, the President and his party were escorted to the Lexington Hotel, where they were to remain during their stay in Chicago. From the moment the special train bearing him passed inside the city limits it moved between two lines of shouting men and equally enthusiastic, if less demonstrative, women. A tremendous crowd was at the station. As the head of the procession approached Michigan avenue a boom of cannon came across the lake from the revenue cutter Andy Johnson, and when the column, turning south, reached Congress street, a salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

The Duke de Veragua arrived in a private car attached to the third section of the Columbian express. With him came the Duchess de Veragua, Christobal Colon, Maria Pilar Colon, Marquis de Barboles, Pedro Bertodono, Charles Acquilera, Marquis Vallalobar, and Mrs. F. W. Dickins, all under the charge of Commissioner Dickins of the United States navy. He was cheered again and again as his feet touched for the first time Chicago ground. Long before the ducal train pulled into the Union Station every available bit of standing room was covered by a human being. Troop K of the Seventh United States Cavalry was drawn up along Canal street, north of Monroe, and eight companies of the Fifteenth United States Infantry, with their band, occupied the west side of Canal street. President Thomas W. Palmer and Mrs. John A. Logan received the Duke and Duchess. Colonel C. P. Bryan represented the Governor, and General N. D. Grover the National Commission, with Senator Palmer. The Duke of Veragua, with his wife, who carried a magnificent bouquet of roses, headed the line, which halted before Mr. Palmer and Mrs. Logan. The cheering was stilled momentarily when Senator Palmer spoke informally to the Duke. Mrs. Logan was introduced to the Duchess, and the two ladies exchanged compliments, after which the gentlemen replaced their hats and the party was whisked up stairs into the carriages. As the column rounded the corner of Adams street and Michigan avenue the revenue cutter Andy Johnson fired a full Admiral's salute. The troops drew up before the Auditorium and the ducal party braved the crowds of shouting spectators and were shown to the apartments reserved for them.

Amid the cheering of thousands of lusty voices the triumphant tour of the Liberty Bell from Philadelphia ended at Jackson Park. The trip from the Union Station to the World's Fair grounds was one grand march through crowds of enthusiastic people, who cheered the emblem of liberty every step of the way. Greater homage was never paid king or queen, and the conclusion of the final ceremony was announced by a mighty cheer. Just as the head of the procession appeared on Michigan avenue, Battery D began its salute of twenty-one guns. Turning south on Michigan avenue the line of march led to the Lexington Hotel, where President Cleveland delivered a brief address. The Pennsylvania building was ready to receive the bell. It was completed some time ago, and the past month has been devoted to furnishing the interior. The bell was received formally by the officials of the building and workmen put it in place.

ARBOR DAY was appropriately celebrated by the employes of the Agricultural Department at Washington. A majority of them assembled in a retired part of the grounds, where, after a section had been made by Assistant Secretary Willets, a white oak tree was planted in honor of the Secretary of Agriculture. Secretary Morton made a speech.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE Welland Canal is open.

AUSTRIA has only 155 periodicals.

HONDURAS'S civil war has been crushed.

CONNECTICUT'S oyster crop has been ruined.

ABOUT 150 British ships are idle on the Tyne.

THE late cold spell greatly damaged the cotton.

YELLOW FEVER has appeared in Mazatlan, Mexico.

VERMONT'S maple sugar season this year was a failure.

THE apple crop of Northwest Missouri and Northeastern Kansas will be an almost total failure.

IN the last six weeks female footpads in Chicago, Ill., have robbed twenty-five pedestrians.

THE gate receipts at the World's Fair in Chicago amounted to nearly $800,000 before opening day.

THE Ohio Legislature passed a bill appropriating $90,000 for battle monuments at Chickamauga.

THE 40,000 twenty-five-cent souvenir coins will be stamped with the head of Queen Isabella of Spain.

THE proprietors of Northwestern summer resorts expect to derive considerable benefit from the World's Fair.

YALE'S general receipts for the past year were $520,246.31; expenses, $532,470.83; number of students, 1939.

WICHITA, Texas, is afflicted with a plague of horn flies—so called because they roost at night on the horns of cattle.

DOCTOR HAFFKINE, the bacteriologist, has inoculated 400 persons at Agra, India, with cholera virus, and no evil results are reported.

THE Taylor bill, making hazing as practiced by college students a crime, punishable by heavy penalties, passed both Houses of the Ohio Legislature and is now a law.

AN Indian chieftain died recently on Vancouver Island who remembered the coming of the Hudson Bay Company people to that coast. Eight of the island tribes turned out in full force to do honor to him when he was buried.

THE TOWN WIPED OUT.

Cisco, Texas, Completely Demolished By a Tornado.

A tornado struck the town of Cisco, Texas, about 9 o'clock at night and totally demolished everything in its path.

Every house but two was levelled to the ground. Several of the wrecks took fire, and many of those who were not killed outright by the falling buildings were burned to death or suffocated. About twenty-five persons lost their lives and forty more were seriously injured.

A brakeman on the Houston and Texas Central Railway was blown from the top of a freight car and instantly killed, and a section hand on the Texas and Pacific was also killed.

The Texas and Pacific Station was lifted from its foundation, blown across the track, and dropped a mass of shattered and splintered timbers 400 feet from the railroad.

A freight train of seventeen cars, engine and caboose on the Texas Central track was blown from the rails, and the engineer, fireman, and more than a dozen persons in the waiting room were reported to have been killed outright or fatally injured.

There were fifty business houses in the city, but now only one remains intact. Out of the four hundred residences only one escaped the fury of the terrible gale.

Buildings were shattered in every direction and are heaped in shapeless masses. Mortar and brick flying in every direction caused more real suffering than did the storm itself.

The Cisco Roller Mills, the two depots, all the churches and school buildings of the city and all the hotels but half of one were destroyed.

The loss is estimated at over $1,500,000, and the town can hardly rebuild without outside help.

The tornado was caused by two storms which came from the southwest and northeast and seemed to meet over the town, where the clouds assumed the shape of an inverted funnel. The range of the storm was two miles west of Cisco and five miles east.

A tornado also visited Ponca Agency, Indian Territory, and five people were killed. They were: Jack Keithley, wife and two children, and Charles Jackson, of Kansas, who was visiting the Keithleys. There were two other Keithley children injured.

SIX MEN BURNED.

An Incendiary Believed to Have Kindled the Blaze.

Shortly after 2 o'clock a. m. the fire alarm called the department and police to a large brick tenement at Burlington, Iowa, which was found to be in flames.

It was learned that a number of persons were in the building unable to escape. Every effort was made by the firemen and police to rescue them, but the flames had gained too much headway, and when the fire was sufficiently subdued to permit of an examination of the interior of the building six burned and almost unrecognizable corpses were found in different rooms upstairs. They have been identified as follows: F. G. Schuman, a carpet weaver; Mike Hynes, a transient lodger; Mike Lee, stove moulder, just arrived from Chicago; John Morgan, stove moulder, residence not known; a boiler maker, known as Charlie, supposed to be from Chicago; Joseph N Sevindler, a plasterer.

The lodging-house was kept by a Mrs. Judson, and was patronized by a poorer class of laborers and mechanics. There are several suspicious circumstances connected with the fire which the Coroner will investigate. The loss to the building and contents was probably $2000, with small insurance

IT IS said that 10,000 women were candidates for employment at the World's Fair, Chicago. Mrs. Palmer herself has received nearly 7500 applications from women for positions.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Wanted.—5000 Pale People to buy 50c. Bottles of Forestine Blood Bitters of all dealers for 25c. Gives you Strength and Vigor with the Freshness of Youth.

Beecham's Pills with a drink of water mornings. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Work for workers! Are you ready to work, and do you want to make money? Then write to B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., and see if they cannot help you.

Cough nights? On going to bed take a dose of Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

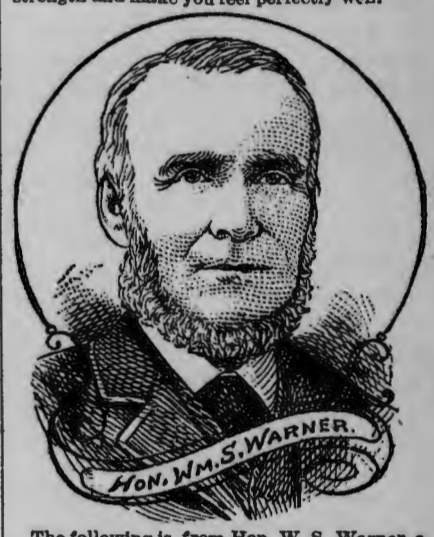
Garfield Tea—The leading Spring Medicine.

SPRING MEDICINE

Is needed by nearly everybody to purify the blood, cleanse the system of the winter's accumulation of impurities, and put the whole body in good condition for the summer. Such universal satisfaction has

Hood's Sarsaparilla

given for this purpose that it is the most successful and most popular **Spring Medicine.** If you feel weak and tired, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what you need to restore your strength and make you feel perfectly well.



The following is from Hon. W. S. Warner, a gentleman highly esteemed by all who know him:

"I can truly say that I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine for purifying the blood. It did me good when physicians and other medicines failed. It has increased my

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

appetite and seemed to renew my youth. This is absolutely true." W. S. WARNER, Fond du Lac, Wis.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Frostbites, Chilblains, Headache, Toothache, Asthma,

DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by **RADWAY'S PILLS**, so quick as **RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.**

Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT

Saved His Life!
Doctors said I Could Not Live!
POOR HEALTH FOR YEARS.

Mr. Willcox is a practical farmer and Postmaster in the village where he resides, and is well known for miles around. He writes:—"I had been in **poor health** for a long time. Four years ago the crisis came, and a number of our best physicians **said I would not live a year.** I began using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure; then my doctor said it might help me for a time, but I would not be here a year hence. My difficulties, aggravated by Rheumatism, were so bad I could not get either hand to my face. I continued the medicine nearly a year, and now I am as well as any man of my age—sixty-eight years. I give **Swamp-Root** credit for **saving my life,** and the good health I now enjoy is due to its use."

Jan. 9, '93. J. D. WILLCOX, Olmsville, Pa.

SWAMP-ROOT

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if you are not benefited, Druggist will refund to you the price paid.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" and Consultation Free.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

At Druggists, 50c. or $1.00 Size.

THE GREAT COUGH CURE 25c 50c & $1.00

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

A CAPITALIST.

Our baby has a secret,
It twinkles in his eye,
His little golden crown of curls
He's holding very high.
What can the mighty secret be?
You really couldn't guess—
A penny in his pocket,
And a pocket in his dress!
—[Youth's Companion.

WHITE ANIMALS.

An English nobleman has an interesting place which he calls the White Farm because only white animals are kept there. A white collie guards the entrance, and among the inmates are ravens, owls, Persian cats, mice, Asiatic goats, zebras, jackdaws, Java doves, turkeys, Aylesbury ducks, cockatoos, lambs, pigeons, pigs, deer, mules, draught horses—all white, happy and healthy.

Although this white farm is only a hobby with its owner, there are countries in which white animals are held in great respect. Everybody has heard of the white elephant of Burmah and Siam and the honors that are paid to it. An Albino bear is said to be worshipped by the Ainu or hairy folk of Japan, and white horses have always played a prominent part in public processions and joyous pageants of many countries.—[New York Mail and Express.

THE BEAST THAT LAUGHS.

One of the most despised of wild animals, says Harper's Young People, is that unprepossessing beast with a cheerful name, the laughing hyena. One would think from his name that he would be a jolly-looking fellow, with a good-natured disposition and a whole-souled manner that would secure his election to the Board of Aldermen in the forest ward in which he lived. On the contrary, he is one of the most repulsive of animals, and his best friend (if he had any friends) could hardly say a good word for him. There has lately come to the menagerie in Central Park, New York, however, a little fellow of this species who has been named by his keeper "Tummy," and who seems to have some redeeming traits of character. A correspondent of the St. Lous Post-Dispatch, who lately interviewed Master Tummy, says:

"He is now 5 months old, and a stout, hearty young fellow, who has come through the dangers of the winter unhurt. His twin-brother was eaten by his mother at a very tender age. Tummy is now an animal of mark in the menagerie, as he possesses the most remarkable voice of any inmate of the carnivora house, notwithstanding the fact the roaring lion is among his neighbors. Everybody has heard of the laughing hyena, but how many have heard him laugh: It is safe to say that few persons have had the experience until Tummy acquired this pleasant accomplishment. His parents and the other members of his race in the menagerie are not much given to laughing, owing, perhaps, to the saddening effects of a life of captivity. But Tummy has never known what it is to be free. The elder animals, however, are in the habit is said, of laughing among themselves at night, when they believe no human being is about to listen to them.

"The hyena's laugh is a combination of a shout and a chuckle. It is louder than the ordinary human chuckle, and not so boisterous as a laugh. You will be most certain of hearing Tummy laugh if you approach him at dinner-time. When a piece of meat is held in front of the bars, he will laugh continuously until it is given to him. Under these circumstances it is doubtful if his laugh means exactly the same thing as an outburst of human mirth. It may, however, be an expression of pleasurable anticipation. It is such a loud and startling sound that those who hear it for the first time jump as if an explosion had occurred in their neighborhood.

"A few words should be said in praise of Tummy's character. He is a peculiarly amiable hyena, and promises to grow up with fewer moral defects than his father or mother. He not only laughs more than they do, but shows a genuine desire to please his keeper. He hails his approach with various signs of joy, and rubs noses with him whenever he gets an opportunity. Tummy is now [illegible] than half grown."

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

An uncut diamond looks very much like a bit of the best gum arabic.

Every gem known to the lapidary has been found in the United States.

The best pearls are found on the Ceylon coast and in the Persian Gulf.

In the eleventh century both English and French dandies covered their arms with bracelets.

There is a new automatic mail bag releasing device that lets go as soon as the pouch is touched.

A bottle-corking machine with a feed reservoir of corks like the magazine guns is a new invention.

Only two European countries, France and Italy, now produce truffles in any considerable quantity.

Lambs feet are sold as great dainties in Russia, and calves' feet are used chiefly as foundation for soup.

A four-year-old boy in Georgia is said to weigh ninety pounds, wears a No. 7 hat and a No. 6 shoe.

A Lawrence (Kan.) lady has a Bible 175 years old that has been in the family ever since it was printed.

After the conquest of Mexico and Peru emeralds were so abundant that one Spanish nobleman took home three bushels of them.

The emerald improves in color on exposure to the light. Pearls kept in the dark loose their lustre, but regain t on exposure to the sun.

The Simylon road, from Switzerland to Italy, was built by Napoleon's engineers in 1807; over 40,000 workmen were employed at one time.

The largest monolith ever cut in this country was quarried of granite in Missouri and transported to the east on a specially prepared train.

Lavender has suddenly appeared in South Australia, the plant springing up luxuriantly over a large area at Black Swamp, in the south of the colony.

G. M. Heldt has just entered as a student in the agricultural department of the University of Georgia. This venerable freshman is sixty-three years old.

The length of the Tay bridge in Scotland, which fell, 1879, was 10,612 feet, 90 feet above the water level, 85 spans. The new Tay bridge was begun in 1882.

There were in the Confederate service one commander-in-chief, seven generals, nineteen lieutenant-generals, eighty-four major generals, 313 brigadier generals.

A copy of the first edition of Columbus' letter in Latin, announcing the discovery of America, printed at Rome in 1493, sold in London recently for $1575.

Doctor Parkway Blake, a Wisconsin physician, has successfully grafted a pig's ear to the stump of an ear that had been sliced off the head of a favorite hunting dog.

The sales of shoes in St. Louis, Mo., have increased more than 500 per cent. during the last ten years, while the population of the city has increased but fifty per cent.

A man at Downderry, England, who recently thrashed a man for annoying some women, was fined $50 by the local court, but the women residents of the town at one collected money among themselves and presented him with a handsome scarfpin and a large check.

Not Responsible.

Mr. Pullane—If you don't refund the money I paid for these photographs I'll sue you. They make me look simply hideous.

Photographer—Yes, sir, they do. But I advise you to carry your complaint to a higher tribunal than any on this earth.—[Chicago Tribune.

Force of Habit.

"Emma," said her mamma, rushing from the library into her daughter's boudoir, "Cholly wants to talk to you at the telephone."

"Horrors!" exclaimed the dear girl. "And I look like a fright in this old wrapper."—[Chicago Record.

From the Fourteenth to the Eighteenth Century dressed dolls served as models of fashion.

The Inventor of Lightning Rods.

One day Franklin chanced to see a kite which a boy was flying, and it suddenly occurred to him that here was an easy way of reaching the clouds. Having made a kite for himself by stretching a large silk handkerchief over three sticks, he took a walk in the fields near Philadelphia on an afternoon when he saw a thunderstorm approaching. This was in June, 1752. The kite being raised in the air, he fastened a key to the lower end of the string, then insulated the key by attaching it to a wooden post with silk. Presently a thunder cloud passed over and he saw some loose threads of the hempen string rise erect as if electrified. He touched his knuckle to the key, and, to his great delight, drew from it the well known electric spark. So overcome was he at this tremendous discovery, which was destined to immoralize his name, that he nearly fainted. As the rain increased, moisture made the string a better conductor, and the key gave out electricity copiously. Had the cord been thoroughly wet, the daring inventor might have paid for his temerity with his life. It should be realized that he was knowingly taking chances with death in thus tapping the clouds of their fire. Afterwards he brought lightning into his house by means of insulated iron rods and played with it. The lightning rods so largely used today for protecting buildings were his invention.—Atlanta Constitution.

The souvenir spoon craze is raging with more virulence in Washington than in any other city nowadays.

The Canary Industry.

For more than a century the breeding of canaries has been a thriving industry in parts of Germany. In 1850 the German dealers began to ship the birds to New York, and then to South America and Australia. The profits are small, but the industry is a godsend to the poor, who make the small wooden cages. It is estimated that about 250,000 canary birds are raised every year in Germany. The most important market is the United States, which takes about 100,000 birds per annum. When the birds are shipped to this country they are always accompanied by an attendant. On the return voyage these attendants take American birds and animals to Europe.—New York Sun.

A Magnificent Opal.

A New York jeweler has an opal that is probably the most magnificent ever seen in this country. The stone is from the mines in southern Australia and has been carved to represent, in relief, a flying female figure. The color shoots off in clouds and rays from the figure, making it seem as if it were flying through a blaze sunset. The stone is as large as the palm of a woman's hand.—New York Sun.

Why not, indeed?

When the Royal Baking Powder makes finer and more wholesome food at a less cost, which every housekeeper familiar with it will affirm, why not discard altogether the old-fashioned methods of soda and sour milk, or home-made mixture of cream of tartar and soda, or the cheaper and inferior baking powders, and use it exclusively?

FACTS A—Absolutely. B—Best. C—Cure for Pain.
ST. JACOBS OIL
FIGURES 1—A Prompt Cure. 2—A Permanent Cure. 3—A Perfect Cure.

"Say Aye 'No' and Ye'll Ne'er be Married." Don't Refuse All Our Advice to Use

SAPOLIO

"German Syrup"

Two bottles of German Syrup cured me of Hemorrhage of the Lungs when other remedies failed. I am a married man and, thirty-six years of age, and live with my wife and two little girls at Durham, Mo. I have stated this brief and plain so that all may understand. My case was a bad one, and I shall be glad to tell anyone about it who will write me. PHILIP L. SCHENCK, P. O. Box 45, April 25, 1890. No man could ask a more honorable, business-like statement.

CATARRH IN CHILDREN

For over two years my little girl's life was made miserable by a case of Catarrh. The discharge from the nose was large, constant and very offensive. Her eyes became inflamed, the lids swollen and very painful. After trying various remedies, I gave her S.S.S. The first bottle seemed to aggravate the disease, but the symptoms soon abated, and in a short time she was cured.
DR. L. B. RITCHEY, Mackey, Ind.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NYNU—18

Perfect Baby Health

ought to mean glowing health throughout childhood, and robust health in the years to come. When we see in children tendencies to weakness, we know *they are missing the life of food taken.* This loss is overcome by

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, a fat-food that builds up appetite and produces flesh at a rate that appears magical.

Almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

$75.00 To $250 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnson & Co., No. 3 South 11th St., Richmond, Va

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

THE KIND THAT CURES

MRS. REV. A. J. DAY, No. Easton, N. Y.

SCROFULOUS ECZEMA FOR 20 YEARS!

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO., MESSRS:—My wife was born of parents predisposed to CONSUMPTION. Six of her brothers and sisters died of LUNG DISEASES. My wife's health was unusually good up to the age of about 40 years; at that time SCROFULOUS taint manifested itself in the form of ECZEMA on nearly all parts of the body; after a time it yielded to the remedies used, except on front of right shoulder where it has remained for 20 years with almost Constant Irritation and Itching. Since using

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

a WEN on her head has broken and discharged until almost entirely gone. Habitual Costiveness also greatly relieved.

We have heretofore used a variety of remedies with but little result, but DANA'S SARSAPARILLA has proved so effectual in relieving my wife of ECZEMA and SCROFULA in the blood that I must say it is a grand combination of remedial agents, and that my wife's great improvement is due to its power and the blessing of a kind Providence upon is use.

I have taken one bottle myself and find it a Splendid Alterative.

Respectfully, REV. A. J. DAY, Pastor M. E. Church, No. Easton, N. Y.

Only one Sarsaparilla sold on the "NO BENEFIT—NO PAY" plan. Only one could stand the test, and that one is DANA'S.

REMEMBER THIS. Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

FREE Illustrated Publication WITH MAPS, describing Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, the FREE GOVERNMENT AND LOW PRICE NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. LANDS

The best Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands now open to settlers. Mailed FREE. Address CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com., N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

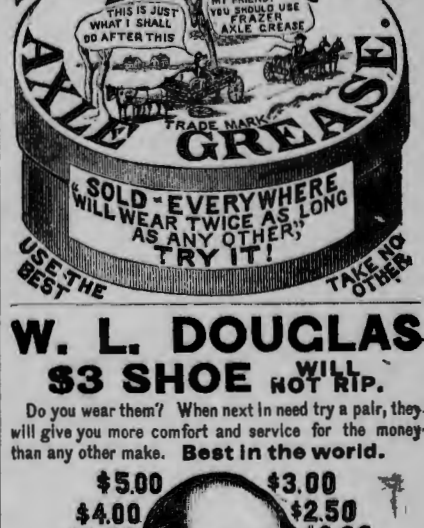
Do Not Be Deceived with pastes, Enamels and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.

No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly, leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are strong, tough and durable. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes.

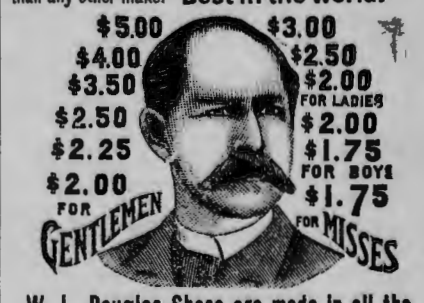
Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100, assorted sizes. Man'fd by JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO., WALTHAM, MASS.

DEMAND THE OLD RELIABLE FRAZER AXLE GREASE


THIS IS JUST WHAT I SHALL DO AFTER THIS
MY FRIEND! YOU SHOULD USE FRAZER AXLE GREASE
TRADE MARK
"SOLD EVERYWHERE WILL WEAR TWICE AS LONG AS ANY OTHER" TRY IT!
USE THE BEST
TAKE NO OTHER

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair, they will give you more comfort and service for the money than any other make. Best in the world.



W. L. Douglas Shoes are made in all the Latest Styles.

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE don't pay $6 to $8, try my $3.50, $4 or $5 Shoe. They will fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, you can do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. My name and price is stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. Take no substitute. I send shoes by mail upon receipt of price, postage free, when Shoe Dealers cannot supply you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

WORN NIGHT AND DAY.

COMFORT. Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect { ADJUSTMENT, COMFORT, CURE. New Pat. Improvement Illust. Cat. and rules for self-measurement securely sealed. G. V. House Mfg. Co., 744 Broadway, N.Y. City. (PATENTED.)

GOITRE CURED SEND FOR CIRCULAR J. N. Klein, Belleville, N. J

All Homes Need for all home uses a carton of Home Nails all sizes, a carton of Home Tacks all sizes

All Dealers Sell for all home uses

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

MOUNT UNION.

Remic Ripple is having a porch erected in front of his residence on Market street.

M. G. Miller, who has been on the sick list for some time past, is able to be about again.

J. Fred Stratford, and daughter, Miss Annie Stratford, visited friends in town on Sunday last.

It is the common rumor that a third track is to be put through this place the coming summer.

C. Stratford, jr., and daughter, Miss Carrie Stratford, saw the great naval review in New York harbor on Thursday last.

C. H. Gordon, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mrs. Gordon's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Sanky, in this place part of last week.

Chas. Stratford, sr., father of our townsman, C. Stratford, jr., died at his residence in Lewistawn on Sunday night last at an advanced age.

The Jennie Gehr missionary society of young people of the M. E. church participated in a lawn and taffy-pulling party at the residence of R. A. DeFrehn on Friday evening.

The Society of Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian church of this place, held a sociable in the church on Friday evening last, which was well attended and highly enjoyed by those present.

Miss Lulu Withers, who has so successfully taught the primary school in this place for the past tour years, was taken ill suddenly on Thursday last while attending to the duties of the school.

As announced in these columns last week, Rev. Wm. Brill, of the M. E. church of this place, delivered a sermon on the subject "Public Schools," on Sunday evening last to a large and appreciative audience.

CASSVILLE.

Mrs. Joshua Gosnell has been ill bu is slowly improving.

Professor Baber intends to teach school here during the summer months.

Judge Clarkson and wife attended the funeral of Mrs. Yocum, of Mapleton on Sabbath.

A. J. Hamilton and J. O. Heaton attended the directors' meeting on Tuesday, at Huntingdon.

The Epworth Leaguers are preparing for their first anniversary on May 13th. They have invited the League of Trough Creek to attend, and a good time spiritually and socially is anticipated.

The funeral of Mrs. Rev. Mason was largely attended. Rev. Burrows conducted the service assisted by Rev. Stine. The deceased has been a Methodist tor more than half a century, and had a large circle of friends.

The first quarterly meeting was held at Calvin. Rev. J. Max. Lautz preached two excellent sermons. Representatives were present from every appointment, and the reports were very encouraging. The general opinion is that Rev. Stine is the right man, in the right place.

SALTILLO.

Geo. Sleeman has returned from Fayette county.

It is said the wife of Irvin Ramsey is seriously ill.

T. L. Uttley and and Jacob Sollers are enrolled on the jury list.

Roy G. Henderson is paying his grand parents a protracted visit.

H. H. Hudson and wife have returned home from their recent trip.

It is said B. W. Beck had his life insured for one thousand dollars.

Wm. Oscar Henderson expects to start for the Mountain City at an early date.

John Smyers will move his family to the house he recently purchased at an early day.

It is gratifying to know the widow of John Stake has received her back pay and pension papers.

The summer school is increasing in numbers. and the Prof. is highly spoken of as an educator.

We noticed Wm. Sollers, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Connor on our streets to-day, all from Robertsdale.

It is said the saw and grist mill belonging to H. T. Weaver is being run successfully by Wm. Green.

The smiling face of J. Hudson McCarthy, of Rockhill, was visible among our people a few days ago.

Miss Miriam Green Grissinger has sold part of her farm to Neal Walker on payments of $25 per annum.

Calvin Palmer, of this place, enjoyed a visit from his sister and her two children, who reside at Tyrone.

New railroad ties have been placed on the road through Saltillo and the road bed thoroughly repaired.

Prof. John M. Drake took his departure for Huntingdon last Monday morning to attend an educational convention.

It is not known who will fill the vacancy caused by the death of B. W. Beck as ticket and freight agent at this place.

The new portico and bay window being added to the residence of S. W. Kimmell is quite an addition to his home and a credit to our town.

It is said I. N. Swope will be a candidate for Prothonotary. and it is hoped he may be successful both in nomination and election.

It is said Prof. Rudy has no opposition for county superintendent. He has made a good superintendent and it is thought dispensed justice freely.

It is a settled fact that John Corbin, of this place, was married to a young lady of Altoona, We congratulate the young gentleman on the happy event.

Prof. Russell Giffin received a new organ. He is quite successful in selling organs, and has met with marked success as a salesman of musical instruments.

Thomas Grove has attended to the station since the sickness and death of Mr. Beck in a creditable manner. Thomas Grove was a student in telegraphy under Mr. Beck.

Joseph Parks, one of the stewards of the M. E. church, was on his quarterly round last Monday morning. We hope he found his pockets full when he reported the Saltillo people to conference.

Asher Drake is busy building a new residence on the farm he bought of the Jonathan Green heirs. It is to be a large commodious building adjacent to the new barn he erected a short time ago.

The funeral of B. W. Beck was largely attended by his many friends, and friends of the family last Saturday afternoon, including a Lodge of Odd Fellows from Mapleton. The brotherhood presented an appearance of fidelity to the departed brother, as they stood by the open grave and performed the last sad rites to their departed brother.

Mrs. Geo. Sleeman made a trip last Saturday morning to Trough Creek on the mournful mission of attending the funeral of her sister, Mrs. Malinda Sipe, of Fulton county, Mrs. Sipe's funeral sermon was preached in the old Baptist church and she was laid to rest amid old familiar scenes and graves of loved ones gone before. She was a good woman, and her works do follow her.

B. W. Beck.

Blair Wilson Beck died at his home ia Saltillo Thursday morning, April 27, 1893, of consumption. He was aged 37 years, 6 months, and 26 days.

Mr. Beck was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Beck, of Hill Valley. After reaching manhood he engaged in contract work on a small scale. In April 1886 he was married to Miss Annie B. McKinstry, of Mifflin county. In the autumn of the same year they moved to Mapleton. Mr. Beck was a very industrious man and while here, in addition to his daily labor, he learned telegraphy in the evenings. The next spring he was given the agency at Shade Gap by the East Broad Top Company and after a couple years' service at that point was transferred to Saltillo. He was not in appearance a stout man at any time but always seemed to enjoy good health. An attack of la grippe left his lungs in a weak condition and toward the latter part of December, 1892, an inflammation set in, resulting in consumption, producing his death at the time above stated. His wife and a son and daughter survive him. A third child died died on the 23d ult. Mrs. Beck was much prostrated by the double affiiction. The bereaved have the sympathy of a host of friends.

Mr. Beck was a member of the Baptist church and leader of the Young People's Baptist Union. In church work he was a power and the Lord used him. As a citizen he was esteemed and his counsel and good judgment were sought. In his home he was kind and affectionate. To his friends he was true. He died comparatively young but a friend expressed a great truth concerning him in these words, "He lived a long and useful life in a very few years." He was a man of scholarly attainments and up to the time of his death was a great student. He died happy. May our latter end be as peaceful as was his.

The remains were interred at Saltillo last Saturday afternoon in the presence of a large circle of friends, Rev. D. J R. Strayer officiating at the services. Twelve members of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, I. O. O. F., of which he was a member, and also a number of members of Three Springs Lodge, No. 790, I. O. O. F., participated in the funeral services.

At a regular meeting of Mapleton Lodge, No. 468, I. O. O. F., held April 29, 1893, the following was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Bro. B. W. Beck, a member of this Lodge, died at his home in Saltillo, Pa., Thursday morning, April 27, 1893 and

WHEREAS, Brother Beck was a brother worthy of esteem, faithful te the principles of Friendship, Love and Truth, a devout Christian, a good neighbor, a loving husband and a kind and indulgent father, it is fitting that this Lodge express sorrow for the loss we sustain and sympathy to the bereaved family of our brother. Therefor be it

Resolved,—That in the death of Bro. B. W. Beck this Lodge sustains the loss of one of its best members and while we bow in submission to the Divine will we cherish a lively recollection of the brother's virtues.

Resolved,—That we commend Bro. Beck's consistent christian life to our membership and exhort them to emulate the brothet's example in walking in the Master's footsteps that when the time comes for us to lay aside the burdens of life we may be as fit to enter into the fulness of eternal joys as was Bro. Beck.

Resolved,—That we extend our sympathies to the bereaved wife and children and realizing that under the circumstances words are empty in expressing consolation we commend them for comfort to Him who alone is able to bind up the broken heart and who has promised to be a husband to the widow and a father to the fatherless.

Resolved,—That in memory of our deceased brother the hall and charter of this Lodge be draped for a period of thirty days and that the members wear the usual badge of mourning for a like period.

Resolved,—That these resolutions be entered upon the records of the Lodge, that a copy be sent to the widow of our brother and that they be published in the Mapleton ITEM.

JNO. M. MILLER,
H. H. SWOPE,
DAVID SHORE,
I. N. SWOPE,
J. A. BRUMBAUGH,
Committee.

NOTICE.—I have this day withdrawn my name from the firm of Hudson & Kimmel in all its business relations and will not be responsible for any business transacted from this day on. All persons having unsettled accounts will please come to me and settle the same within ten days.

S. W. KIMMEL.

Saltillo, Pa., April 20, 1893-6t.

NOTICE is hereby given that 1 have purchased two horses, wagon and harness and have placed same in the hands of Andrew Cresswell. All persons are hereby notified that this is my property and are cautioned against interfering with same in any manner.

W. H. SPANGLER.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 25, 1893.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between T. M. Logan and W. H. Mounts has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm will please call and settle. The books will be in the hands of W. H. Mounts, who will continue the business.

W. H. MOUNTS.
T. M. LOGAN.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 25, '93-6t.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having purchased from James Pincher the following property, to wit: one black mare and colt, one bay mare, one cow, one hog, one two-horse wagon, one three-spring wagon, one Wood mower, one spring-tooth harrow, two furrow plows, one cultivator, four sets front gears, two sets buggy harness, one buggy, one sleigh, one metal-soled sled, two sets fly nets, one cook stove, one coal stove, and having left the same in his care and use, all persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with the same. J. C. SHAFFER.

Cass Twp., April 24, 1893-6t.

AGENTS WANTED To canvass for the sale of our HOME-GROWN NURSERY STOCK. NEW PROFIT SHARING SYSTEM. Salary and expenses paid. **W & T. SMITH CO, The Geneva Nursery, Geneva. N. Y.** Established 1846. One of the Largest, Oldest Established, and Best Known Nurseries in the United States.

D. S. DRAKE,

—DEALER IN—

BICYCLES, CYCLING GOODS,

Electrical Supplies and Work.

New Wheels Kept in Stock.
Special Prices Quoted fo Cash.

Old Wheels Taken in Exchange. Repairing Done & Parts Furnished.

Cor. 6th & Penn Sts.
HUNTINGDON, - PA.

How many pereons know that Ripans Tabules, now so largely advertised and used, are simply the favorite prescription of their family doctor prepared in a scientific manner and a form convenient for handling, conveyance, preservation and use? In the great hospitals of the metropolitan cities, where the wealthy find better care than in their own luxurious homes, the ingredients of Ripans Tabules are administered to thousands of rich and poor alike with beneficial effect. They are the main dependence of the most eminent physicians in cases of derangement of the digestive organs, such as dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and other ills connected with the stomach, liver and bowels. For some years one of the principal hospitals in New York City has used a formula, differing slightly from the common one, that has been found of unusual efficacy. Through the commendations of physicians its mission of healing has been so widely and rapidly extending that it finally seemed desirable to prepare the prescription in a convenient form, so as to make it available to the whole public at a moderate price, and to announce the fact through the recognized medium for securing publicity—advertisements in the columns of the newspapers of the land. This has been done, and now the time is not far distant when every family of intelligence will be as certain to possess a supply of Ripans Tabules as a clock or a cooking stove. They are already to be found on sale almost everywhere, and any druggist or dealer will supply them. A box, containing six vials, is sold for 75 cents, and a gross package, containing four boxes, for $2. They will be sent by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of price, by the Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York.

SPRING! SPRING!

Is here, and so are our goods for the Spring trade, and it gives us pleasure to announce to our many customers that our stock is larger and better than ever, and bought at such prices that in many cases we can save you FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

For House-Furnishings

we call your attention to our nice laces, curtains—poles for 18c complete. Roller blinds 19c, stair oil cloth 7c a yard, table oil cloth, first quality, 19c a yard; shelf oil cloth 6c a yard; decorated chamber sets, complete, for only $4.35. Ladies' embroidered gaaze silk ties at 75c, worth $1.50.

Spring Coats and Capes, Hats

and Millinery, at prices that will astonish the closest buyer. Ladies' gauze and muslin Underwear a specialty. Vest 8c, extra value to 50c. Lisle thread vest only 29c. The best job lot of hosiery that we have ever had is here in black and tan to match the tan and russet Oxford Ties.

Spring Dress Goods.

Our line of Spring Dress Goods at 6½c to 50c a yard is beautiful. Henriettas from 13c to 90c a yard. Ladies' Shirt Waists and Belts will be the go. We have them at panic prices. Children's Wraps and Lace Caps from 15c to $1. We can save you large money on these goods. We never had as fine a line of alll grades of

Shoes and Slippers

as now. Oxford Ties in four different colors. Men's Outing Shirts from 28c up; Men's splendid suits for $5; Boys' knee pants suits srom $1.20 to all-wool Cheviots for $3.40. Full line of Men's Coarse and Fine Shoes. Latest seyles in

Hats, Neckwear, Etc.

We take pleasure in showing our goods. Come and see our goods and prices whether you buy or not.

LYNN'S NOVELTY STORE,
Opposite Opera House, HUNTINGDON, PA.

HUNTINGDON PLANING MILL,

FRITCHEY BROS., Proprietors.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Sash, Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Frames, Flooring,
SIDING, SAWED AND TURNED BALUSTERS, MOULIDING,

Porticos, Hardwood Finish, Scroll and Turned Work, and dealers in Bill and Frame Lumber, Southern Yellow Pine and Yellow Poplar, Western White Pine, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Fencing, etc., in fact everything pertaining to a first-class Mill and Lumber Yard.

TIN SHOP.

Hoving gone into the Tinning business I am prepared to do

Roofing AND Spouting

in town and country promptly and at reasonoble prices.

All Kinds of Repair Work
in my line will receive prompt attention.

I will keep in stock a general line of Tinware and will fill orders for

STOVES and RANGES
—AND ALL KINDS OF—
STOVE REPAIRS.

H. R. SCOTT,
MAPLETON DEPOT, - PA.

The Popular RESTAURANT & BAKERY.

I HAVE just opened a first-class Restaurant and Bakery in the Haniger property (which I have remodeled and refitted) on Penn Street, next door to Geo. F. Gage's residence. Two parlors for the accommodation and convenience of lady customers will be a feature of my new apartments. Oysters, Ice Cream—everything seasonable—Suppers, Lunches, etc., will be served in the best style known to the art cuisine. I will constantly keep on hand

Fresh Bread, Pies, Cakes, Etc.

Fancy Cakes baked to Order for wedding porties, etc. Stores supplied on short notice. The restaurant at my old stand on Railroad street, near the union depot, will be conducted in connection with the one on Penn Street. My parlors on Penn St. will be open until 12 o'clock at night. Call and see me.

G. W. FISHER,
Huntingdon, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., May 3, 1893.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Court next week.

—Blank leases for sale at this office.

—"Little brown jugs" at Mrs. Evans.

—Aprons and suu-bonnets at Mrs. Evans.

—All kinds of dressmaking at Kate Cowher's.

—A full line of laces, very cheap, at Mrs. Evans'.

—Children's clothes made to order at Mrs. Evans'.

—A Martin Fisher has been ill for several days past.

—For good goods and low prices go to Kate Cowher's.

—Sewing machine needles and best sewing machine oil at Mrs. Evans.

—You can save money by buying millinery goods at Kate Cowher's

New millinary at Mrs. Evans' next week. The latest summer goods.

—Rev. F. W. Curry will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday morning.

—Hon. Alexander Port, of Huntingdon, spent a few hours in town last Friday.

—Children's hats—new, pretty and cheap—at Mrs. Evans'. Price, from 15 cents to $1.50.

—The World's Fair was opened on Monday by President Cleveland in the presence of 440,000 people.

—A very fine line of embroideries—Swiss and Hamburg—new styles and new patterns, at Mrs. Evans.

—Mrs. G. D. Wood was taken suddenly ill last Friday but her condition is much improved at this writing.

—Mrs. Grace Lightner and son, of Huntingdon, spent a portion of the past week with her brothers in Mapleton.

—"A stitch in time" often saves consumption. Downs' Elixir used in time saves life. For sale by T. M. Logan.

—Why go to Huntingdon for millinery goods when yon can get the same goods for less money at Kate Cowher's?

—Among the Sunday visitors to Mapleton were Henry Ripple, John Ripple and children and Miss Minnie Shaver, of Mount Union.

—The largest stock of millinery goods ever borught to Mapleton will be opened up this week at Kate Cowher's All the latest styles.

—Mrs. J. F. Miller and daughter and John M. Miller attended a birthday party at the residence of Harry Eade in Orbisonia on Monday.

—James Henderson and wife, of Cassville, who have been spending the winter with their sons in Philadelphia, have returned to their home.

—Ice cream every Wednesday and Saturday evenings at Mrs. B. F. Godard's. Proceeds for the benefit of the U. B. church building fund.

—Any person wanting to buy birds, such as Canaries, Red Birds, Mocking Birds, and all other kind of song birds call on Mrs. Evans for prices.

—Look out for something new in sleeve ruchings. Flowing sleeves will be worn and Mrs. Evans will have a well selected stock of trimmings.

—For rent—A dwelling house in Union township about 2 miles north of town. For further particulars address W. T. Boring, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

—I have on hand some tinware which was slightly discolored by fire and water which I will sell at a sacrifice. Examine these goods. H. R. Scott.

—For Sale—A cow of the famous Robley stock with second calf at her side. A. W. Wright,
Colfax, Pa.

—Costiveness is the primary cause of much disease, Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will permanently cure costiveness. Every bottle warranted. For sale by T. M. Logan.

—Joseph Greenland, formerly, of Cassville, has embarked in the real estate business at 707 Sansom street Philadelphia. The name of the firm is McMichael & Greenland.

—A party was given in honor of the birthday of Miss May Hamel last Friday evening by the members of the Sunday school class of which she is a member. All enjoyed themselves very much.

—George M. Cresswell, Esq., of Petersburg, has been appointed associate judge, vice Tobias Foreman, deceased. For the first time in many years both associate judges of this county are Democrats.

—L. M. Speer has secured an agency for bicycles and is prepared to furnish any style or make of wheels at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Correspondence solicited.

—The Lewistown *Gazette* says: "Woods & McKinley have the distinction of having four mares with seven colts on their stock farm in Granville township, thre pair ot twins and a single colt, all blooded stock."

—In Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment is combined the curative properties of the different oils, with the healing qualities of Arnica. Food for man and animal. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale by T. M. Logan.

—Frank Ellmaker, who on Monday succeeded O. E. McClellan as superintendent of the Middle Division, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, yesterday made his initial trip over the division, and created a very favorable impression.

—In Washington township, Fayette county, there is still standing an old stone mansion built by Colonel Edward Cook in 1772. It is said to have been the first stone house built west of Harrisburg. General Washington visited there.

—I have for sale harpoon hay forks, steel furrow plows, corn planters and an Acme pulverizing harrow. These implements are in charge of G. D. Wood who will give further information concerning them. They are new and will be sold remarkably low. D. M. Evans.

—The pupils of No. 2 school will give an entertainment next Monday evening in Rex's hall, under the direction of the teacher E. Guy Rex. To prevent over-crowding invitations and tickets of admission have been distributed to those whose attendance is specially desired.

—An exchange truthfully remarks: "If you wish to become acquainted with the toughs and outcasts of fifteen or twenty years hence spend an evening with some of the children, innocent now, whose parents allow them to run the streets until late at night without restraint."

—D. E. McClain, Saltillo, Pa., has a large and carefully selected stock of hardware, stoves, furniture, carpets and wall paper, harness, farming implements, etc., and is prepared to sell on very small margin above cost. It will pay you to call on him and leave your order, which will have prompt and careful attention.

—George M. Spanogle departed on Monday for Philadelphia, the principal object of his visit to the Quaker City being to witness the commencement exercises of the Medico-Chirurgical college which takes place to-morrow afternoon, at which time his son-in-law, Dr. W. J. Campbell, will receive his diploma.

—Mrs. Amanda White and Miss Nettie McLaughlin, of New Castle, Delaware, and Mrs. Annie Lucas and son, of Rees Tannery, West Virginia, arrived in town last week to visit their father, Philip McLaughlin, whose illness has been noted in these columns. Mr. McLaughlin is somewhat better at this writing.

—The Mifflintown water plant which has been the cause of some discord and much bad langnage on the part of our friends in that town has changed hands, eight Mifflintown citizens having bought out the non-resident owners. The plant will be improved and the rates revised. Hon. L. E. Atkinson is president of the new company.

—The Mansion House atBurnt Cabins was destroyed by fire early last Friday morning. The flames originated in the bar-room. The occupants barely escaped in their night clothes. Several hundred dollars worth of liquors were destroyed. The proprietor, John E. Speck was dangerously burned. Loss $3,000; insurance $1,700.

—With last week's issue the Hanover *Spectator* discontinued publication. The *Spectator* has been a favorite among Pennsylvania newspapers and this action on the part of the proprietors is regretted. Impaired health and difficulty in procuring sufficient competent health are reasons given for closing out. The establishment is offered at private sale.

—The foundation for the new U. B. church at the corner of Grant and Sherman streets was staked off last Wednesday. George Godard, the oldest member of the church, has the honor of commencing the excavation for the foundation, which act was done last Thursday. Hall & Edwards, of Huntingdon, will build the church which will be of brick.

—To the ladies of Mapleton and vicinity: I have made arrangements to keep on hand a large assortment of samples of the best dress goods which I can sell to you as cheap as you can buy them in any city. These samples are from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburg and are of melanges, whipcord, lansdown, broadcloth, etc. Mrs. M. E. Evans.

—The house occupied by Henry Young, adjoining the store of T. H. Adams on Water street, Mount Union, will be sold for $300. This property rents for $54 per year. There is a shop that is now occupied as a shoemaker shop attached to the house. The lot is in a good state of cultivation; there are several bearing fruit trees on it. Apply to T. A. Appleby, Mount Union, Pa.

—The county commissioners have advertised for proposals for building three new county bridges, to be located as follow: One over the river in Penn township, known as the Fink bridge; one over the river in Hopewell township known as the Weaver bridge, and the third over Sideling Hill creek, in Springfield township. Bids will be received until May 12th. The bridges are to be of wood.

—A party in honor of the birthday of Miss Katie Sloan was given at the homestead in Union township last Saturday. A number of persons from Mapleton were present but on account of the very inclement weather many were prevented from going. A rich feast was spread for the guests and all partook thereof to their satisfaction. Miss Sloan was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents

—Next Tuesday the citizens of Huntingdon will vote on the question of a loan of $50,000 for the improvement of the streets of that town. Huntingdon has miserable streets and every citizen interested in the advancement of the town should vote in favor of the loan. The increased taxation resulting from the loan will be so trifling that it is not worth considering. We hope every ITEM reader in the county capital will use his or her influence in favor of the New Huntingdon.

—A well dressed stranger, carrying a small hand satchel, stopped at the residence of D. P. Pheasant in Smith Valley, Monday night of last week and asked permission to sleep in the barn. Mr. Pheasant is a very hospitable man and offered the stranger a bed to sleep in the house which was accepted. In the night the ungrateful scamp departed taking with him Mr. Pheasant't watch and a pair of shoes and leaving the bed in an unhealthy condition. So far as we have heard no clue of the villain has been obtained.

—"Richard," the McVeytown correspondent of the Lewistown *Democrat and Sentinel* is authority for the following: "Ed. Stevens, of McVeytown, is the owner of a living curiosity of the porcine family, being a hog of 80 pouuds weight, having six fully developed hoofs two to each front leg. These extra hoofs are attached to the first joint and the hog actually walks on six feet, making six direct foot prints in the snow or mud, so that these additional pedal appendages are not there simply to excite the wonder of the crowd, but they are also useful to the pig or hog in question."

—Rev. J. Max Lantz, having declined to assume the management of the Juniata Valley Campmeeting this season, the board of directors have been looking for an able man for the position. The following from the Newton Hamilton *Watchman* indicates they have found him: "The Board of Control of the Juniata Valley Campmeeting Association have secured Rev. A. S. Baldwin of Muncy, Pa., to take charge of the religious services at campmeeting this year, which means they will be above the average. We understand that Rev. Baldwin is making great effort to have some celebrated preachers here during camp and his efforts are likely to be crowned with success."

Auctioneer.

Having had considerable experience as an auctioneer, I offer my services to such of the readers of the ITEM who contemplate making sale of personal effects or real estate. Charges reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed.

GEORGE SCHMITTLE,
2-1-tf. Mount Union, Pa.

Mrs. Sarah J. Yocum.

Mrs. Sarah J. Yocum, wife of Marshall Yocum died at her home in this place between twelve and one o'clock last Friday morning. Her death had been expected as she had been in a critical condition for several weeks past. Mrs. Yocum was a daughter of the late M. F. Campbell, esq., and was born in Cassville, June 30, 1830, hence was aged 62 years, 9 months and 28 days. The remains were interred at Mill Creek Sunday afternoon, Rev. F. W. Curry officiating, assisted by Rev. D. H. Campbell.

She was married to Marshall Yocum February 17, 1853 to which union four children were born. Of these a son and daughter died in infancy. The surviving sons Robert C. and Bruce reside in Mapleton.

For many years she had been a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church. A few years ago she was instrumental in organizing a branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in this place and during the campaigns when license or no license was the issue she labored effectively for the cause of prohibition. Not only at home but at other places in the county was her influence felt. As a neighbor Mrs. Yocum was without superiors and many will miss her kind ministrations in time of need or affliction. Although she was a woman of strong mind and will power, she was retiring and unobtrusive and did her work quietly. If she suffered in the exercise of duty none knew it. She has gone to her reward and while many mourn her, all rejoice that she was prepared for the summons and has entered into that rest which is prepared for the people of God. The bereaved friends have the sympathy of the community.

Directors' Convention.

Yesterday being the day designated as the time for the election of county superintendents for the ensuing three years, a number of school directort assembled at the court house for that purpose at 10 o'clock P. M.

R. J. Faust, esq., was elected chairman and E. P. Walker and J. G. Beaver, secretaries.

The roll of directors was called, after which Rev. A. A. Kerlin nominated Prof. S. G. Rudy. No other nominations being made the convention proceeded to vote. Prof. Rudy received 94 votes, that being the number of directors present.

John M. Drake moved the salary of the superintendent be fixed at $1500 (an increase of $300). Ed. Keatley, John M. Drake and Dr. G. C. Borst addressed the convention in favor of the resolution and Dr. A. J. Hamilton and W. H. Johnson in opposition thereto. The motion was lost.

Dr. Hamilton moved the salary be fixed at $1200. Dr. Borst moved the motion be amended to read $1350. The amendment prevailed by a vote of 29 to 26. The motion was then carried with but little opposition.

Convention adjourned.

Married in a Ticket Office.

Monday morning a wedding took place in the office of Ticket Agent H. L. Hesser, at the Tyrone depot, in which 'Squire Holmes united in wedlock John C. DeArment and Miss Anna M. Dickson, of Mill Creek, Somerset county. The knot was hastily but securely tied and the two young folks were pronounced one in ample time to board Pacific express for their Somerset county home in the few minutes to spare between the arrival of the Bald Eagle Valley express and the departure of Pacific express west. The hurried match was effected in this odd way in order that the young couple might be home Monday afternoon, as a reception and feast awaited them.—*Tyrone Times.*

Bark Wanted!

The undersigned will buy Rock Oak and Black Oak Bark at Mapleton until August 1, 1893, for Fayerweather & Ladew. Cash paid on delivery. I will pay $6.75 per ton for Rock Oak bark and $4.75 per ton for Black Oak. For particulars inquire of H. W. McDonald.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. O Connor & [illegible]

Special -

REDUCTION

Sale!

OF RUBBER BOOTS,

Beginning this day and continuing till the entire stock is closed out—at COST.

Men's, Boys', Youths', Children's', Ladies' and Misses', heavy and ligh weight.

We have also a full and comeplete line of

General Merchandise

at bottom figures. In fact, we have many Odds and Ends of different lines of goods that we will move at a bargain to the purchaser. All kinds of

Country Produce

takenin exchange for goods at highest market price.

Thanking one and all for past patronage, and soliciting a continuance of the same in the future, I remain,

Respectfully Yours,

A. B. Gillam.

Examine Yocum's

SCHOOL SHOES

Before Buying.

It is the Most Complete Shoe In the Market.

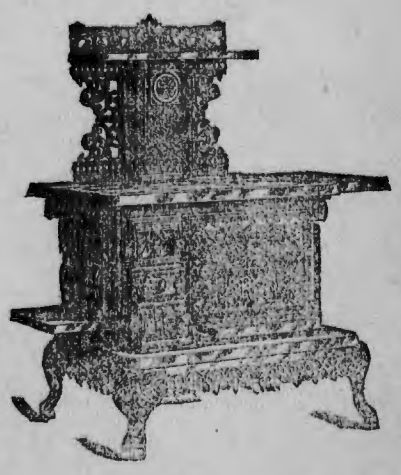
Geo W. Yocum,

Hazlett Block. 402 Penn St.,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

B. F. GODARD,

—DEALER IN—



Stoves and Stove Repairs.

PHOSPHATE & FERTILIZERS,

Your Patronage Solicited.

Mapleton Depot, Pa

NAVAL REVIEW.

Magnificent Marine Pageant at New York.

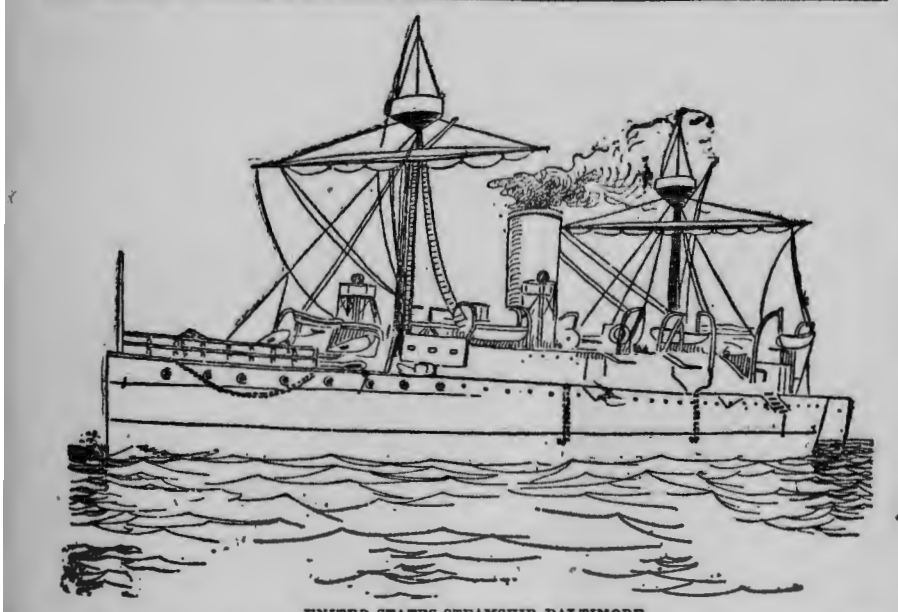
GREAT WAR-SHIPS IN LINE.

President Cleveland Reviews the International Fleet.

All the World Out to See—A City Afloat and Multitudes Watch the Spectacle From the Shores—At Night a Splendid Show—Search Lights Rive the Mists and Colored Fires Outline the Anchored War-Ships—The Grand Ball—Unique Land Parade.

The Columbian Naval Review in New York Harbor was a grand success. Our greatest peaceful naval event, joined in by all the leading naval powers, is now a part of history bigger than that of our country. It marks an epoch in the chronicles of the globe itself. The collection of warships was the greatest ever known. Ten Nations were represented and more than 10,000 officers and [illegible] participated. So large a number of [illegible]nboats, pleasure craft and tugboats was [illegible] before congregated in the Hudson River, [illegible]hundreds of thousands beheld the [illegible]cent spectacle from either shore. [illegible]ns of the navies in the midst of it all [illegible]onors to the President of the Republic, [illegible]rrounded by his Cabinet, and standing [illegible]e bridge of the Dolphin, he moved [illegible]ugh a double line of war ships over three [illegible]s in length. The salute to President [illegible]veland was a salute to the United States [illegible] America through its Chief Executive, and [illegible]story does not record another instance in [illegible]which so many Nations united in doing [illegible]honor to a sister commonwealth. The foreign [illegible]States which joined in the historic event were France, Russia, England, Brazil, Argentina, Germany, Spain, Italy and Holland. It was a sight to stir men's souls, to send the blood tingling through their veins, a sight to make them feel that the brotherhood of man is something more than an empty sound.

Never before has the Port of New York been so generally decorated. By the Port of New York is meant not only the harbors fronting on the North and East Rivers, but also Brooklyn, Hoboken and Jersey City. Even the ferry boats, unsightly as they usually are, were decked out in bright array and the great transatlantic steamships were all dressed in the vari-colored flags of the international code of signals. The big storehouses and elevators had plenty of American flags flying from the roofs.



UNITED STATES STEAMSHIP BALTIMORE.

REAR-ADMIRAL GHERARDI.

10:30 a. m. was the hour fixed for the review. It actually took place between 1 and 3 p. m. Rain began to fall shortly after 4 o'clock in the morning and continued in a steady downpour until noon. At 10 oclock President Cleveland sent an order from the Victoria Hotel postponing the review till 1 o'clock. Two reasons were assigned for this act—first, that the Signal Service Bureau reported a hope of better weather in the afternoon; second, that Secretary of the Navy Hilary A. Herbert's physical condition was such that exposure might endanger his health.

The ships of war stretched up the North River in two parallel lines from the Brazilian ship Republica and the American monitor Miantonomoh, which lay opposite Twenty-eighth street, on the south, to the British flagship Blake and the American flagship Philadelphia, opposite Ninetieth street on the north. A little way south of this double column of steel fortresses and off Twenty-third street lay the United States dispatch vessel Dolphin awaing the arrival of the President. North of the assembled fleets and opposite Ninety-third street were the fac-similes of the three world famed caravels.

Still further up the river, in front of the Santa Maria and at the head of the whole fleet, lay the United States ship Enterprise, to mark the point around which the people's navy would be permitted to turn on its way down the New York side of the channel after having advanced northward along the Jersey shore.

The warships were lined up in this order:

Pinta.	Santa Maria.	Nina.
	Enterprise.	

PORT COLUMN.	STARBOARD COLUMN.
UNITED STATES.	GREAT BRITAIN.
Rear-Admiral Gherardi Commander-in-Chief.	Vice-Admiral Sir John Hopkins, Commander-in-Chief.
Philadelphia (flag)	Blake (flag).
Newark (flag).	Australia.
Atlanta.	Magicienne.
San Francisco.	Tartar.
Bancroft.	RUSSIA.
Bennington.	Vice-Admiral Koznakoff, Commander-in-Chief.
Baltimore.	Dimitri Donskoi (flag)
Chicago (flag).	General Admiral.
Yorktown.	Rynda.
Charleston.	FRANCE.
Vesuvius.	Rear-Admiral De Libran, Commander-in-Chief.
Concord.	Jean Bart (flag).
ARGENTINA.	Arethuse.
Rear-Admiral Howard.	Hussard.
Neuve de Julio.	ITALY.
HOLLAND.	Rear-Admiral Magnaghi, Commander-in-Chief.
Capt. Arrieus.	Etna (flag).
Van Speijk.	Giovanni Bausan.
GERMANY.	SPAIN.
Capt. Buchsel.	Rear-Admiral Gomez y Lono, Commander-in-Chief.
Kaiserin Augusta.	Infanta Isabel (flag).
Seeadler.	Reina Regente.
UNITED STATES.	Nueva Espana.
Miantonomoh.	BRAZIL.
	Rear-Admiral de Noronha, Commander-in-Chief.
	Aquidaban (flag).
	Tiradentes.
	Republica.

Around these forty vessels was formed, at 9 o'clock, a cordon of seventy-five tugs, revenue cutters and launches, under the control of the National, State and city governments. No vessels except those which were to take part in the reviewing ceremonies were allowed within the cordon until the review was over. The patrol service was perfect.

By 1 o'clock the entire river between the western patrol lines and the Jersey shore, and northward along the whole length of the fleet of war ships, was literally covered by a compact mass of yachts, tugs, barges, excursion boats, iron steamers and every sort of craft to be found in these waters. From the decks of the General Slocum, as she steamed up along the line of war ships to her position between the caravels and the Philadelphia, bearing Governor Flower, his staff and the State Legislature and Judiciary, the people's Navy looked like a floating Fourth of July.

President Cleveland and his party took carriages at the Victoria Hotel at 1 o'clock and drove at once to the foot of West Twenty-third street. In the party were Secretary Gresham, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard, Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle, Secretary Lamont and Mrs. Lamont, Mr. and Mrs. Bissell, and Attorney-General Olney.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland were accompanied by Private Secretary Thurber and Lieutenant Wood. At the pier three steam launches were in waiting, one from the Miantonomoh, one from the Concord and one from the Dolphin. The President and Mrs. Cleveland went in the launch from the Dolphin. Secretary Smith went with them. As the President stepped into the steam launch at 1:14 o'clock, and at the instant his foot touched the boat the President's flag was unfurled at the bow.

The Dolphin was reached at 1:18 o'clock, and as the President mounted the gangway and trod the deck the guns of the ship fired the National salute. "Up anchor!" was the next order, and as the vessel floated free with the tide she fired a single gun as a signal to the waiting Miantonomoh.

Down under the deck of the great monitor stood a Lieutenant, hold in his hand a rubber bulb. As the Dolphin fired the signal gun an officer on the monitor's deck signaled to the Lieutenant below. Forth from a huge ten-inch gun sprang a pillar of fire and smoke that extended 200 feet over the sea and hid the ship. A crash and a roar that shook all things on land and sea came over the water. It was a terrific concussion, and it took 250 pounds of powder to make it. That was the signal for which the multitudes had waited so long and that told them the review had begun.

Behind the Dolphin came the United States Coast Survey steamer Blake, bearing the Diplomatic Corps; the Monmouth, with United States Senators and Representatives; the General Meigs, bearing the Duke of Veragua, descendant of Columbus and invited guest of the Nation, and the W. C. Egerton, carrying the municipal government and the Committee of One Hundred. The thunder of the Miantonomoh's signal had not ceased to rumble from shore to shore when the whole aspect of that noble vista of north stretching ships was changed. Up the mazes of rigging that looked like huge geometric spider webs against the sky, ran hundreds and hundreds of sailors, spick and span after a triple inspection of uniforms, and sure of foot as Rocky Mountain deer. Higher and higher they went, out on the long, tapering yard arms, they ran, and in half the time it takes to tell it every ship that carried sails had manned the yards. There they stood, the picked men of the navies, arm locked in the arm, and looking, in the distance, for all the world like rows of ten pins, ready to be bowled over.

STEEL-PROTECTED CRUISER PHILADELPHIA.

As the graceful snow-white Dolphin moved with dignified, leisurely pace along the gun-

SANTA MARIA, FLAGSHIP OF COLUMBUS.

guarded, steel-walled lane, ship after ship shot out red tongues of flame and belched clouds of white smoke across her path, flame meeting flame, and the smoke of the opposing broadsides blending its rounding clouds into a dense rounded mass.

The familiar figure of the President was in full relief as he stood, almost alone, far aft on the poop of the yacht, and those who did not know him guessed who he was, because he alone lifted his silk hat as he came abreast of each fire-belching vessel. Never, except in war, if even then, was there heard such a stentorian expression of a human emotion. And never before in any land did any crowned monarch receive such homage of so many Nations as was thus bestowed upon this plain black-coated American, who, as the representative of the Republic, received the salute that is prescribed for royalty.

Behind the lovely white yacht fell in the white American Blake and then came the big Monmouth. Lastly followed the trim yacht-like ordnance boat General Meigs, having on board the lineal descendant of Columbus, the Duke de Veragua. The Dolphin was not decorated except with the flags of the President and the Secretary of the Navy and the glorious ensign of the United States. The Blake was decorated with a rainbow of color. The Monmouth had her own bunting and the General Meigs floated only a few flags with the Stars and Stripes astern. These five boats carried the official party.

Brazil, on the New York side of the fleet, began saluting the uproar with Republica and Tiradentes, and in a moment more the heavy guns of her great battleship Aquidaban shook the earth. Germany, across the channel, joined in with the Secadler and the Kaiserin Augusta. Spain, on the other side, responded from the steel-throated cannon of the Nueva Espani, the Reina Regenta and the Infanta Ysabel. Argentina, with the Nuevo de Julio, and Holland, with the Van Speyk, took it up. Italy continued it with the Giovanni Bausan and the Etna.

A great pall hung over the saluting fleet, and through it, from the head of the columns and from either shore, could be seen the bursts of flame at each discharge, with now and then the hazy outline of a ship enveloped in a thunder cloud of its own making. In the brief pauses between the firing there came rolling over the waves the cheers of the sailors as they clung to the yards. Through it all the Dolphin moved slowly, steadily, majestically.

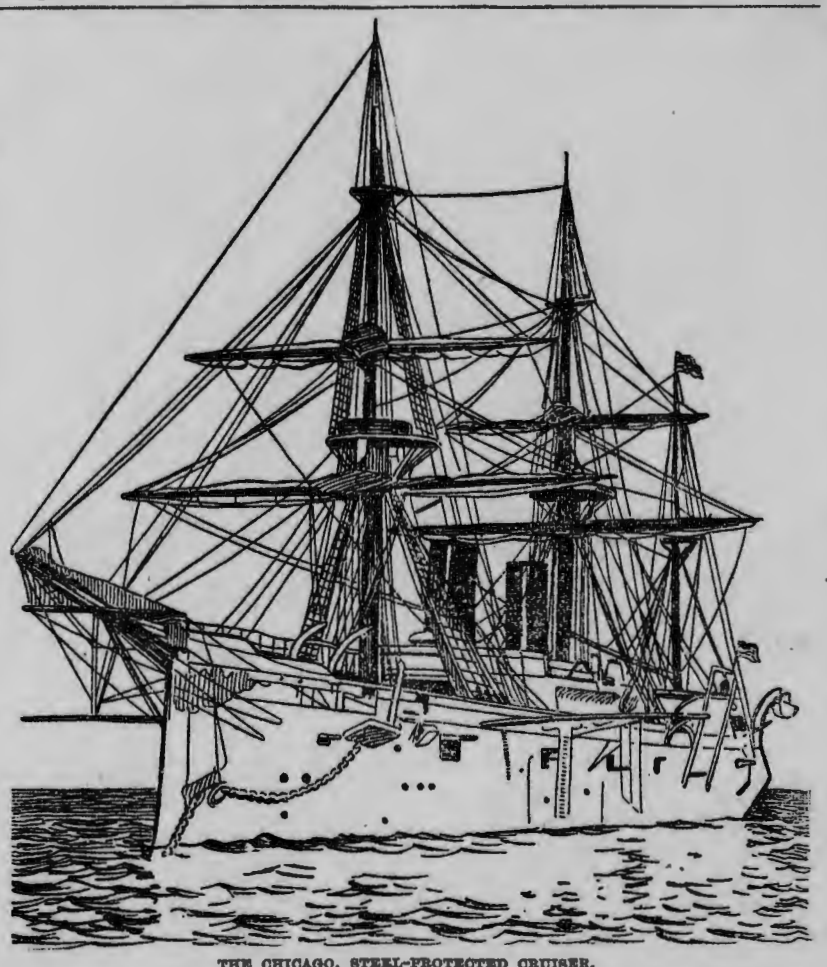
At first the unnumbered people who were the witnesses of this stupendous scene and the hearers of this still more stupendous noise made not a sound. Americans though they were, they were overawed, crushed into silence by the power of what was before them. But they rose to the spirit of the great occasion at last, and when France sent forth her first notes of the martial music from the guns of the Jean Bart, Hussard and Arthouse, the multitude along the New York shore set up such a mighty shout that for one brief moment its shrill sound rose even above the shock of the cannonading. Still the noise kept on. Our own white cruisers took it up. The Concord began; the Charleston, whose decks were cleared for action in the harbor of Acapulco, did her share; the Yorktown passed it to the Chicago; the famous Baltimore helped; the Bennington and Bancroft, with the Rynda, General Admiral and Dimitri Donskoi of Russia pounded away, and finally the whole ship," her bunting going aloft with the stage-like precision. Every pilot opened wide the valve of his whistle. The reports from the guns of the Blake and the Philadelphia were lost in the roar of jubilation. It was a picture that will never fade from the memory of those who saw it.

For nearly two hours afterward the thousands of pleasure boats came dancing around the pivotal vessel, the Enterprise. They were filled with humanity, brilliant with every hue of the rainbow and sending forth sounds of joyous music.

In sight of the picturesque caravels, and between the floating fortresses of the American and English Admirals, the Dolphin dropped her white anchor, and the cheering of hundreds of thousands of men upon the land and water struggled weakly against the fiendish tooting of a myriad of steam whistles. When their smoke cleared away the steel-sided passage between the war ships was seen to be dotted with the tiny gigs and cutters of nine Admirals and thirty-five war Captains hastening to greet the President and his party. The beautiful mistress of the White House was by the President's side typifying the manifold charms of mind and person for which Columbia's daughters are world famous.

The passage of the President up through the fleet had lasted from 1:18 o'clock to 2:15, or just fifty-seven minutes. Then for two hours the President entertained the Admirals and other dignataries on board the Dolphin, and mutual and sincere congratulations were exchanged over the unqualified success of the review.

The cabin of the Dolphin was a pretty



THE CHICAGO, STEEL-PROTECTED CRUISER.

sight. It was crowded to its utmost capacity with men in gorgeous uniforms, and in great contrast to them all was the sombre clothing worn by the President and the members of his Cabinet. The foreign officers were introduced to Mrs. Cleveland. In her simple gown she was a striking figure amid all the gold lace and brilliant coloring.

The Dolphin reached her anchorage a little after 2 o'clock, and the reception was over

THE CASTINE, STEEL GUNBOAT.

about 4:50. Immediately after the reception Mrs. Cleveland was placed in a launch, and with Postmaster-General [illegible] was taken to Jersey City, where she took a special train to Washington. Private Secretary Thurber accompanied the party.

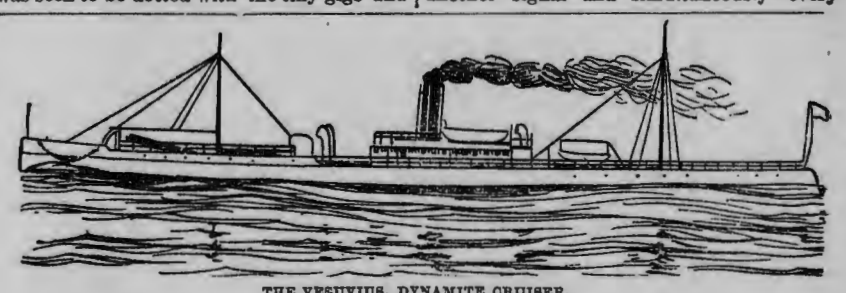
At 4:55, the reception to the Admirals having ended, they took their leave of the President and departed for their own ships. A few moments afterward President Cleveland disembarked, and was taken in a launch to the foot of Ninety-eighth street, where carriages were waiting to convey him and the Presidential party to the Victoria Hotel.

As the President's flag was lowered on the Dolphin the final honors to the Chief Executive were paid by the whole fleet at once, each vessel of the thirty-five firing twenty-one guns. The tumult made by the 735 separate discharges all combined in an interval of about three minutes, far excelled all previous noises, and is beyond words to describe. When it died away the great review was over. All that was left of it was a ringing in the ears, a pall of smoke disappearing over the Jersey shore and a never-to-be forgotten memory.

Then the flagship Philadelphia, the floating office of Commander-in-Chief Gherardi, slipped silently from her moorings and stemmed the swift tide to a point opposite the tomb of General Grant, and there fired a salute to the memory of him whose birthday it was.

When night fell the war ships held the multitude upon the shores and on the steamboats by a superb spectacle with signal lights, flash lights, search lamps and fireworks. The proud English cruiser Blake led all the rest with a brilliant night dress of electric jewels, which flung her outlines in lines of fire against the sombre background of the cloudy night. At the end of all the Blake showed to what lengths the English Vice-Admiral was willing to carry his friendly feeling by flashing upon the deck which he commands a fiery figure of Washington, the man who led these colonies in war upon his kingdom. For hours the sullen sky was criss-crossed with paths of brilliant flame, and the horizon served as a background for colored signal lights and glorious pyrotechnics. The American ships showed the many ways in which the lights are used in active warfare to protect themselves from attacks of those marine terrors, torpedo boats. At times the projected rays were concentrated at certain spots on shore, then turned far up the Hudson, making objects plainly visible at a distance of five miles. Following came another signal and simultaneously every light in the fleet was turned toward the zenith. Slowly the rays converged until they formed the apex of a brilliant silvery pyramid of incalculable height. Experts said it could have been seen seventy-five miles away in any direction. It was a sight never before seen and never to be forgotten by the land lubbers. In conclusion, the operators gave some examples of high art in ray-projecting and described various figures on the heavens. It lacked but an hour of midnight when the black night conquered and closed in upon the scene, turning the glory of the day into treasured memory.

THE CUSHING, TORPEDO BOAT.



THE VESUVIUS, DYNAMITE CRUISER.

The ball at the Madison Square Garden was the crowning feature of the day. Handsome women in beautiful dresses, brave men in glittering uniforms from many lands and distinguished citizens in sober garb were there. The company was reckoned in thousands and not an untoward event marred the pleasure of the evening. The City of New York was the host and the Admirals, their staff officers, and the captains of the squadrons of war ships sent here by the great Nations of the world to join with Miss Columbia in the happy festival of the Columbian year were the especially honored guests. President Cleveland, Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, was there. The Duke and Duchess of Veragua were present. Secretary and Mrs. Gresham, Secretary and Mrs. Morton, Secretary and Mrs. Hoke Smith, Secretary and Miss Herbert and others of the President's official family circle attended. Governor Flower and a host of State dignitaries, Mayor and Mrs. Gilroy, Judges of the United States Supreme Court, Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, and a number of other distinguished visitors from other States made up, with the cream of New York society, a gathering that would be historic in itself. The American Navy was represented by Rear Admirals Gherardi, Benham and Walker, and by many officers of minor rank. Major Generals Schofield and Howard and other distinguished officers represented the army. There were titled and honored representatives of the navies of Great Britain, Russia, France, Italy, Spain, Brazil, Argentina, Germany and the Netherlands, all resplendent in uniform. Fully 8000 people took part in, or beheld, the great spectacle, made magnificent by the uniforms of the naval and military guests, the gowns of the women and by the glorious array of the products of decorative skill.

On the day after the naval review the land parade was held. It was a picturesque affair, with all the jolly jack tars in their vari-colored uniforms. The parade started from Forty-second street and Fifth avenue. The route was down Fifth avenue to Washington Square, through Waverly place to Broadway, to the City Hall, where the entire command passed before the Governor of the State, the Mayor of the city and the visiting officers, paying them the honor of a marching salute. Two reviewing stands had been erected by the Committee of One Hundred, one at Madison Square and the other in City Hall Park. The invited guests saw the passing show from these vantage points. Governor Flower and his staff were in the parade. He followed the mounted police, escorted by Troop A. At the City Hall Park he left the line to review the procession. Then he joined Mayor Gilroy in the Governor's Room of the City Hall to assist him in the reception to the Admirals and other officers of the visiting fleet.

Among the odd bills passed during the closing hours of the New York Legislature was one introduced by Assemblyman Hughes, of Lewis, providing that daily rations of American cheese must be served to inmates of State institutions and National guardsmen on duty.

An English syndicate is about to undertake the development of sugar and corn in the State of Tamaulipas, Mexico. A tract of 500,000 acres has been purchased.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "Over All Forever."

TEXT: "*Christ came, who is over all.*"—Romans ix., 5.

For 4000 years the world had been waiting for a deliverer—waiting while empires rose and fell. Conquerors came and made the world worse instead of making it better—still the centuries watched and waited. They looked for Him on thrones, looked for Him in palaces, looked for Him in imperial robes, looked for Him at the head of armies. At last they found Him in a barn. The cattle stood nearer to Him than the angels, for the former were in the adjoining stall, while the latter were in the clouds. A parentage of peasantry! No room for Him in the inn because there was no one to pay the hotel expense. Yet the pointing star and the angelic cantata showed that heaven made up in appreciation of His worth what the world lacked. "Christ came, who is over all, God blessed forever. Amen."

But who is this Christ who came? As to the difference between different denominations of evangelical Christians I have no concern. If I could by the turning over of my hand decide whether all the world shall at last be Baptist or Methodist or Congregational or Episcopalian or Presbyterian, I would not turn my hand. But there are doctrines which are vital to the soul. If Christ be not a God, we are idolators. To this Christological question I devote myself this morning and pray God that we may think right and do aright in regard to a question in which mistake is infinite.

I suppose that the majority of those here to-day assembled believe the Bible. It requires as much faith to be an infidel as to be a Christian. It is faith in a different direction. The Christian has faith in the teachings of Matthew, Luke, John, Paul, Isaiah, Moses. The infidel has faith in the free thinkers. We have faith in one class of men. They have faith in another class of men. But as the majority of those, perhaps all of those here assembled, are willing to take the Bible for a standard in morals and in faith, I make this book my starting point.

I suppose you are aware that the two generals who have marshaled the great armies against the deity of Jesus Christ are Strauss and Renen. The number of their slain will not be counted until the trumpet of the archangel sounds the roll call of the resurrection. Those men and their sympathizers saw that if they could destroy the fortress of miracles they could destroy Christianity, and they were right. Surrender the miracles and you surrender Christianity. The great German exegete says that all the miracles were myths. The great French exegete says that all the miracles were legends. They propose to take everything supernatural from the life of Christ and everything supernatural from the Bible. They prefer the miracles of human nonsense to the glorious miracles of Jesus Christ.

They say there was no miraculous birth in Bethlehem, but that it is all a fanciful story, just like the story of Romulus said to have been born of Rhea Silvia and the god Mars. They say no star pointed to the manger; it was only the flash of a passing lantern. They say there was no miraculous making of bread, but that it is a corruption of the story that Elisha gave 20 loaves of bread to a hundred men. They say the water was never turned into wine, but that it is a corruption of the story that the Egyptian plague turned the water into blood. They say it is no wonder that Christ sweat great drops of blood; he had been out in the night air and was taken suddenly ill. They say that there were no tongues of fire on the heads of the disciples at the Pentecost; that there was only a great thunder storm, and the air was full of electricity, which snapped and flew all around about the heads of the disciples.

They say that Mary and Martha and Christ felt it important to get up an excitement for the forwarding of their religion, and so they dramatized a funeral and Lazarus played the corpse, and Mary and Martha played the weepers, and Christ was the tragedian. I put it in my own words, but this is the exact meaning of their statements. They say the Bible is a spurious book written by superstitious or lying men, backed up by men who died for that which they did not believe.

Now, I take back the limited statement which I made a few moments ago, when I said it requires as much faith to be an infidel as to be a Christian. It requires a thousandfold more faith to be an infidel than to be a Christian, for if Christianity demand that the whale swallowed Jonah, then skepticism demands that Jonah swallowed the whale! I can prove to you that Christ was God, not only by supernatural appearances on that Christmas night, but by what inspired men said of Him, by what He says of Himself and by His wonderful achievements. "Christ came, who is over all." Ah, does not that prove too much? Not over the Cæsars, not over Frederick, not over Alexander the Great, not over the Henrys, not over the Louises? Yes. Pile all the thrones of all the ages together, and my text overspans them as easily as a rainbow overspans a mountain, "Christ came, who is over all." Then He must be God.

The Bible says that all things were made by Him. Does not that prove too much? Could it be that He made the Mediterranean, that He made the Black sea, that He made the Atlantic, the Pacific, that He made Mount Lebanon, that He made the Alps, the Sierra Nevadas, that He made the Hemisperes, that He made the universe? Yes. The Bible says so, and lest we be too stupid to understand John winds up with a magnificent reiteration and says, "Without Him was not anything made that was made." Then He was a God.

The Bible says at the name of Jesus every knee shall bow. All heaven must come down on its knees. Martyrs on their knees, apostles on their knees, confessors on their knees, the archangel on his knees. Before whom? A man? No, He is a God. The Bible says every tongue shall confess—Bornesian, Malayan, Mexican, Italian, Spanish, Persian, English. Every tongue shall confess. To whom? God The Bible says Christ the same yesterday, to-day and forever. Is that characteristic of humanity? Do we not change? Does not the body entirely change in seven years? Does not the mind change? Does not the heart change? Christ the same yesterday, to-day and forever. He must be a God.

Philosophers say that the law of gravitation decides everything and that the centripetal and centrifugal forces keep the world from clashing and from demolition. But Paul says that Christ's arm is the axle on which everything turns, and that Christ's hand is the socket in which everything is set. Mark the words, "Upholding—upholding all things by the word of His power." Then He must be a God.

Then look at what Christ says of Himself. Now, certainly, every one must understand himself better than any one else can understand him. If I ask you where you were born and you tell me, "I was born in Chester, England," or "I was born in Glasgow, Scotland," or "I was born in Dublin, Ireland," or "I was born in New Orleans, the United States," you being a man of integrity, I should believe you. If I asked you how many pounds you could lift and you should say you could lift 100 pounds or 200 pounds or 300 pounds, I should believe you. It is a matter personal to yourself. You know better than any one else can tell you.

If I ask how much estate you are worth, and you say $10,000 or $100,000 or $500,000, I believe what you say. You know better than any one else. Now, Christ must know better than any one else who He is and what He is. When I ask Him how old He is, He says, "Before Abraham was, I am." Abraham had been dead 2028 years. Was Christ 2028 years old? Yes, He says He is older than that. "Before Abraham was, I am." Then Christ says, "I am the Alpha." Alpha is the first letter of the Greek alphabet, and Christ in that utterance declared, "I am the A of the alphabet of the centuries." Then He must be a God.

Can a man be in a thousand places at once? Christ says He is in a thousand places at once. "Where two or three are gathered together in My name, there am I in the midst of them." This everywhereativeness, is it characteristic of a man or of a God? And lest we might think this everywhereativeness would cease, He goes on, and He intimates that He will be in all the cities of the earth—He will be in Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America the day before the world burns up. "Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world." Why, then, He must be a God.

Besides that, He takes divine honors. He declares Himself Lord of men, angels and devils. Is He? If He is, He is a God. If He is not, He is an impostor. A man comes into your store to-morrow morning. He says: "I am the great shipbuilder of Liverpool. I have built hundreds of ships." He goes on to give his experience. You defer to him as a man of large experience and great possessions. But the next day you find out that he is not the great shipbuilder of Liverpool; that he never built a ship; that he never built anything. What is he then? An impostor. Christ says He built this world. He built all things. Did He build them? If He did, He is a God. If He did not, He is an impostor.

A man comes into your place of business with Jewish countenance and a German accent and says: "I am Rothschild, the banker, of London. I have the wealth of Nations in my pocket. I loaned that large amount to Italy and Austria in their perplexity." But after a while you find that he has never loaned any money to Italy or Austria; that he never had a large estate; that he is no banker at all; that He owns nothing. What is he? An impostor. Christ says He owns the cattle on a thousand hills; He owns this world; He owns the next world; He owns the universe; He is the banker of all Nations. Is He? If He is, He is a God. Is He not? Then He is an impostor.

A man enters the White House at Washington. He says: "I am Emperor William, of Germany. I am traveling incognito. I have come over here for recreation and pleasure. I own castles in Dresden and Berlin." But the president finds out the next day that he is not Emperor William; that he owns no castles at Berlin and Dresden; that he has no authority. What is he? An impostor. Christ says He is the king over all—the king immortal, invisible. If He is, He is a God. If He is not, He is an impostor.

Strauss saw that alternative, and he tries to get out of it by saying that Christ was sinful in accepting adoration and worship. Renan tries to get out of it by saying that Christ—not through any fault of His own, but through the fault of others—lost His purity of conscience, and he slyly intimates that dishonorable women had damaged His soul. Anything but believe that Christ is God. Now you believe the Bible to be true. If you do not, you would hardly have appeared in this church. You would have gone over and joined the Broadway Infidel club, or you would go to Boston and kiss the foot of the statue of Thomas Paine. You would hardly come into this church, where the most of us are the deluded souls who believe in a whole Bible and take it all down as easily as you swallow a ripe strawberry.

I have shown you what inspired men said of Christ; I have shown you what Christ said of Himself; now, if you believe the Bible, let us go out and see His wonderful achievements—surgical, alimentary, marine, mortuary. Surgical achievements! Where is the medical journal that gives an account of such exploits as Christ wrought? He used no knife. He carried no splints. He employed no compress. He made no patient squirm under cauterization. He tied no artery. Yet behold Him! With a word He struck fast Malchus' amputated ear. He stirred a little dust and spittle into a salve and with it caused a man who was born blind and without optic nerve or cornea or crystalline lens to open his eyes on the sunlight. He beat music on the drum of the deaf ear. He straightened a woman who, through contraction of muscle, had been bent almost double for well nigh two decades. He made a man who had no use of his limbs for 38 years shoulder his mattress and walk off.

Sir Astley Cooper, Abernethy, Valentine Mott, stood powerless before a withered arm, but this doctor of omnipotent surgery, comes in and He sees the paralytic arm useless and lifeless at the man's side, and Christ says to him, "Stretch forth thine hand," and he stretched it forth whole as the other. He was a God.

Alimentary achievements! He found a lad who had come out of the wilderness with five loaves of bread for a speculation. Perhaps the lad had paid five pennies for the five loaves and expected to sell them for ten pennies, and so he would double his money. Christ took those loaves of bread and performed a miracle by which He fed 7000 famishing people, and I warrant you the lad lost nothing, for there were twelve baskets of fragments taken up, and if the boy had five loaves at the start I warrant you he had at least ten at the close.

The Saviour's mother goes into a neighbor's house to help get up a wedding party. By calculation she finds out that the amount of wine is not sufficient for the guests. She calls in Christ for help, and Christ, not by the slow decay of fermentation, but by a word, makes 130 gallons of pure wine.

Marine achievements! He turns a whole school of fish into the net of men who were mourning over their poor luck, until the boat is so full they have to halloo to other boats, and the other boats come up, and they are laden to the water's edge with the game, so that the sailors have to be cautious in going from larboard to starboard lest they upset the ship.

Then there comes a squall down through the mountain gorge, and Gennesaret, with long locks of white foam, rises up to battle it, and the boat drops into a trough and ships a sea, and the loosened sails crack in the tornado, and Christ rises from the back part of the boat and comes walking across the staggering ship until He comes to the prow, and there He wipes the spray from His brow and hushes the crying storm on the knee of His omnipotence. Who wrestled down that euroclydon? Whose feet trampled the rough Galilee into a smooth floor?

Let philosophers and anatomists go to Westminster Abbey and try to wake up Queen Elizabeth or Henry VIII. No human power ever wakened the dead. There is a dead girl in Capernaum. What does Christ do? Alas that she should leave died so young and the world so fair! Only twelve years of age. Feel her cold and cold hands. Dead, dead! The house is full of weeping. Christ comes takes hold of the hand of the dead instantly her eyes open, her he the white lily of death blushes of life and health. She rushes of her rejoicing kindred. at death? Who restored h? Tell that to the lunatics in Bloomingdale asylum. It was Christ the God.

But there comes a test which more than anything else will show whether He was God or man. You remember that great passage which says, "We must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ." The earth will be stunned by a blow that will make it stagger in midheaven; the stars will circle like dry leaves in an equinox; the earth will unroll the bodies, and the sky will unroll the spirits, and soul and flesh will come into incorruptible conjunction. Day of smoke and fire and darkness and triumph. On one side, piled up in galleries of light, the one hundred and forty and four thousand—yea, the quintillions—of the saved. On the other side, piled up in galleries of darkness, the frowning, the glaring multitude of those who rejected God.

Between these two piled up galleries a throne, a high throne, a throne standing on two burnished pillars—justice, mercy—a throne so bright you had better hide your eye lest it be extinguished with excess of vision. But it is an empty throne. Who will come up and take it? Will you?

"Ah, no!" you say: "I am but a child of dust. I would not dare to climb that throne." Would Gabriel climb it? He dare not. Who will ascend it? Here comes one. His back is to us. He goes up step above step, height above height until He reaches the apex. Then He turns around and faces all the Nations, and we all see who it is. It is Christ, the God, and all earth, and all heaven, and all hell kneel, crying: "It is a God! It is a God!" We must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ.

Oh, I am so glad that it is a Divine being who comes to pardon all our sins, to comfort all our sorrows. Sometimes our griefs are so great they are beyond any human sympathy, and we want Almighty sympathy. Oh, ye who cried all last night because of bereavement or loneliness, I want to tell you it is an omnipotent Christ who is come.

When the children are in the house and the mother is dead, the father has to be more gentle in the home, and he has to take the office of father and mother, and it seems to me Christ looks out upon your helplessness, and He proposes to be father and mother to your soul. He comes in the strength of one, in the tenderness of the other. He says with one breath, "As a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth them that fear Him," and then with the next breath He says, "As one whom his mother comforteth, so will I comfort you." Do you not feel the hush of the divine lullaby?

Oh, put your tired head down on the heaving bosom of divine compassion, while He puts His arms around you and says: "O widowed soul, I will be thy God. O orphaned soul, I will be thy protector. Do not cry." Then He touches your eyelids with His fingers and sweeps His fingers down your cheek and wipes away all the tears of loniness and bereavement. Oh, what a tender and sympathetic God has come for us! I do not ask you to lay hold of Him. Perhaps you are not strong enough for that. I do not ask you to pray. Perhaps you are too bewildered for that. I only ask you to let go and fall back into the arms of everlasting love.

Soon you and I will hear the click of the latch of the door of the sepulcher. Strong men will take us in their arms and carry us down and lay us in the dust, and they cannot bring us back again. I should be scared with infinite fright if I thought I must stay in the grave, if even the body were to stay in the grave. But Christ will come with glorious iconoclasm and split and grind up the rocks and let us all come forth. The Christ of the manger is the Christ of the throne.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

PADEREWSKI, the pianist, has cleared $130,000 this season.

EX-QUEEN LILIUKALANI, of Hawaii, is an accomplished pianist and singer.

A COLORED man named Henry Brown has been elected Mayor of Brownville, Neb.

THE Prince of Wales, by many recent acts, has shown strong tendencies toward scientific matters.

EX-SECRETARY TRACY has accepted the presidency of the New York State League for Good Roads.

A SON of the Archbishop of Canterbury is a captain in the British Artillery and an enthusiast in the art of war.

AMBASSADOR BAYARD is in appearance the beau ideal of a statesman. Tall, handsome and dignified, he attracts attention wherever he goes.

ISMAIL PASHA, the ex-Khedive of Egypt, is said to be worth $25,000,000 and resides on the shores of the Bosphorus in a palace of great splendor.

LEO XIII. is the only Pope that ever sauntered down London's famous Piccadilly. The Pope performed the feat when, as Mgr. Pecci, he visited London in 1846.

THE President's mail has now reached an average of 800 letters a day. It takes the entire time of five clerks, besides Private Secretary Thurber himself, to dispose of it.

CARL HAGENBECK, the great animal purveyor, of Hamburg, who has an exhibit at the World's Fair, is tall, rather stout and bearded. He first visited this country in 1883. He is immensely wealthy.

BARTLETT TRIPP, the new minister to Austria, is forty-eight years old. He wears a sweeping brown mustache and his hair is thick and wavy. His favorite hat is a slouch and his cravat is of the shoestring pattern.

IF the Infanta Eulalie resembles her photographs she is an exceedingly attractive young woman. She will visit the World's Fair with her husband and then all America may judge of her beauty. She is tall, commanding and sprightly in manner.

THE income of the Chinese physician, Li Po Tai, who died recently in San Francisco, Cal., where he had long resided, was worth over $40,000 a year. He had many white patients. His specialty was asthma, and to this malady he succumbed.

E. BERRY WALL, who a few years ago was known in New York as the "King of Dudes," is said to be making money in Wall street and to have given up his aspiration to set the style for the gilded youth of Gotham. He abdicated his throne when he got married.

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S advisers are men of young years and of even younger appearance. Hamlin, First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, is thirty-six and looks thirty; Eckels, Comptroller of the Treasury, is thirty-four, smooth shaven and boyish, and W. E. Curtis, the other Assistant Secretary, is thirty-eight.

FIVE years ago no one believed that Robert Garrett, then President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, would live through the year. He was said to be incurably insane. The last time his New York friends saw him he was in better health than he had been for years, and is contented and free from mental or physical pain.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM J. NORTHEN, of Georgia, is considered probably the most religious Governor in the Union. He is a regular attendant at church and Sunday-school, a prominent figure in the Baptist conventions and other denominational gatherings, frequently lectures at the Y. M. C. A. meetings in Atlanta and devotes much of his time and personal attention to charitable work.

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR MAY 7.

Lesson Text: "The Value of Wisdom," Prov. iii., 11-24—Golden Text: Prov. iii., 5—Commentary.

11. "My son, dispise not the chastening of the Lord; neither be weary of His correction." The apostle, in his epistle to the Hebrews, quotes this and the next verse also in connection with his admonition to run with patience looking into Jesus, and to consider Him that endured such contradiction lest we be wearied and faint in our minds. He tells us also that all God's chastenings are to make us partakers of His holiness (Heb. xii., 5, 10). It is interesting to notice that the word translated "chasten" in these verses in Hebrews is in Eph. vi., 4, translated "nurtured," and in II Tim. iii., 16, "instructed."

12. "For whom the Lord loveth He correcteth, even as a father the son in whom he delighteth." In Rev iii., 19, we hear Jesus saying from heaven, "As many as I love I rebuke and chasten," and this also agrees with Heb. xii., 7, "If ye endure chastening, God dealeth with you as with sons, for what son is he whom the father chasteneth not?" But we must never forget the end in view, which is to make us more holy, more conformed to the image of God's dear Son (Rom. viii., 28, 29), whom some day we shall be like (I John iii., 2).

13. "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom and the man that getteth understanding." For she says again, "Whoso findeth me findeth life and shall obtain favor of the Lord (viii., 35). Now it is also written, "He that hath the Son hath life, and he that hath not the Son of God hath not life (I John v. 12). And again, "Christ our Life" (Col. iii. 4). So we see that wisdom and Christ the Son of God are synonymous, as shown in the last lesson—Christ the wisdom of God (I Cor. i., 24).

14. "For the merchandise of it is better than the merchandise of silver and the gain thereof than fine gold." Paul counted all things but loss for the excellency of the knowledge of Jesus Christ, and David says that His judgments are more to be desired than gold—yea, than much fine gold (Phil. iii., 8, 9; Ps. xix., 10).

15. "She is more precious than rubies, and all the things thou canst desire are not to be compared unto her." See almost the same words in chapter viii., 11, and compare Job xxviii., 18, and the context. Then consider this wonder of wonders—that wisdom is God's gift to sinful man. "If any of you lack wisdom let him ask of God, and it shall be given him" (Jas. i., 5). "The gift of God is eternal life" (Rom. vi., 23). Rubies must be left behind if we die, and all we can desire, even if we could obtain, would prove unsatisfying. The preacher says, "Whatsoever mine eyes desired I kept not from them; I withheld not my heart from any joy, and, behold, all was vanity and vexation of spirit" (Eccl. ii. 10, 11).

16. "Length of days is in her right hand, and in her left hand riches and honor." Or, as it is in chapter viii., 18, "Riches and honor are with me—yea, durable riches and righteousness." Our Lord Jesus says from the glory, "I counsel thee to buy of Me gold tried in the fire that thou mayest be rich" (Rev. iii., 18). As to length of days we shall have in these mortal bodies, all that He sees we can use for Him, and yonder it is true that when we have been there ten thousand thousand years, bright shining as the sun, we've no less days to sing His praise than when we first begun. Christ Himself our Life, our Wealth and our Glory.

17. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." Being paths of righteousness, they cannot but be paths of pleasantness and peace. All the paths of the Lord are mercy and truth unto such as keep His covenant and His testimonies. The path of the just is as the shining light that shineth more and more unto the perfect day (Ps. xxiii., 3; xxv., 10; Prov. iv., 18). The whole difficulty is in our ways and paths of our making or choosing. But if we follow closely and fully in wisdom's ways we shall find it as written.

18. "She is a tree of life to them that lay hold upon her, and happy is every one that retaineth her." To lay hold and hold fast is our part—or, in other words, to receive and cleave unto, or enter and abide, or believe and continue. He does not force Himself upon any one, but offers Himself for our acceptance and will increasingly reveal Himself where He sees a longing for Him (Heb. vi., 18; Rev. ii., xxv, John i., xii, Acts xi., 23; Isa. ii., 10; John 2, xxviii.; John v.. 24 viii. 31).

19. "The Lord of Wisdom hath founded the earth. By understanding hath He established the heavens." Hear Him in chapter viii., 12-14: "I wisdom dwell with prudence. I am understanding. I have strength." And in verses 27, 28: "When He prepared the heavens, I was there. When He strengthened the fountains of the deep." Compare John i, 3: "All things were made by Him, and without Him was not anything made that was made." And also Col. i, xvi. and see how conclusive the proof that Wisdom is none other than Jesus Himself.

20. "By His knowledge the depths are broken up, and the clouds drop down the dew." See the proof of this in Gen. vii., 11 Job xxxvi., 27. Nothing in heaven or earth can be done without Him, and there is nothing too hard for Him (Jer. x., 12, 13; xxxii., 17; Job xlii., 2). See Him divide the Red sea before Israel, and the Jordan three times before Israel, Elijah and Elisha. He also can bring water from the rock and send or withhold rain at His pleasure.

21 "My son, let not them depart from thine eyes, keep sound wisdom and discretion. We need to pray, "Turn away mine eyes from beholding vanity," and to obey the command, "Run with patience looking unto Jesus" (Ps. cxix., 37, Heb. xii., 1). Happy the people who see "Jesus only" and who can truly say, "One thing have I desired of the Lord; that will I seek after—to behold the beauty of the Lord and to inquire in His temple."

22. "So shall they be life unto thy soul and grace to thy neck." Life within and beauty without. Moses taught the people, saying, "Love the Lord thy God, obey His voice, cleave unto Him, for He is thy life and the length of thy days" (Deut. xxx., 20). Paul's determination was that Christ should be magnified in his body, and he could say, "For me to live is Christ (Phil. i., 20, 21).

23. "Then shalt thou walk in thy way safely, and thy foot shall not stumble." When our way is His way, it must be a safe way, and since He is able to guard us from stumbling (Jude 24, R. V.). He surely will if we let Him. That He will hold us by the hand (Isa. xli., 13) is surely an assurance that He will not let us fall, but that we need not even stumble goes beyond this.

24. "When thou liest down, thou shalt not be afraid. Yea, thou shalt lie down, and thy sleep shall be sweet." Safety by day and by night, at home or abroad, journeying or resting, and all because the Lord is our keeper (Ps. cxxiv., 5-8).—Lesson Helper.

GETTHERE—"Did you ever attend any of Miss Budd's 'at homes?'" De Bore (sadly)—"N-no, but I've attended a good many of her not-at-homes."—Exchange.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

Germany has an aerial navigation society.

It is said that tincture of lobelia applied to an incipient felon will cure it without fail.

The World's Fair buildings are lighted up by 120,000 incandescent electric lamps.

The trustees of Columbia College have subscribed $25,000 to the new botanic garden which is projected for New York city.

It is said that the largest piece of mica in the world was recently taken out of a North Carolina quarry. It measures 9 1-2 by 16 inches.

Morsscau, the French chemist, has succeeded in making diamonds out of ordinary carbon, but they are so small as to be visible only through the microscope.

Professor Virchow, the eminent patnologist, keeps alive for experiments several generations of cats, from which he is trying to evolve a race of bob-tailed felines.

Aluminum is found combined with 195 minerals, and, therefore, constitutes a large part of the crust of the earth, but until recently has been very expensive because of the difficulty of separating.

From statistics covering the last thirty-two years it is computed that the average life of women in France has been thirty-eight years and men thirty-six years. During last year, however, the average rose to forty years for both sexes.

At the last meeting of the Ornithological Society in Berlin, Doctor Reichenow communicated some particulars of the finding of remarkable remains of gigantic birds in Argentina double the height of the ostrich, which represent our living cassowaries and ostriches.

So vast is the gulf which intervenes between our earth and the stellar universe that, although many of the stars are in all probability larger and brighter than our sun, yet the most powerful telescope is not able to give them any appreciable diameter, a mere point of light being all that is visible.

The streets of Rome are shortly to be lighted throughout by electric lamps supplied with current from dynamos located at the cascade at Tibur, twenty miles from the city, in the Alban hills. This plant is known as the Tivoli long-distance power transmission line, and has been used considerably for experimental purposes before beginning practical work.

Popular Doctoring in Russia.

The newspaper Slovo of Kiev, reports some curious instances of popular doctoring in South Russia. The Russian rural dentist places his patient upon a little stool and examines him. If an upper tooth is to be pulled he performs the operation with a simple pair of tongs like that used by cobblers. But if a lower tooth is to be extracted the operation is more complicated. The tooth is tied very skilfully with a violin string. The other end of the string is fastened to a hook in the ceiling. Then the stool is removed with a jerk from beneath the patient, who falls, his tooth remaining on the string.

Intermittent fever is cured either by live frogs or by fright. When the sickness breaks out the patient is made to carry about him as many live frogs as can be put in his clothes.

If that treatment does not help the patient his fellow villagers try to frighten him. The most popular method of doing that is known by the name of Likaniye. A crowd of men and women come into the house and raise a quarrel with the patient. They treat him to the loudest and most offensive terms of reproach. That naturally irritates him, and he answers in similar terms. The crowd takes offense at his rude expressions and resolves to lynch him. A rope is put around his neck and he is dragged about until he is insensible on account of fright.

She Knew It.

"Why, it's getting late," said young Mr. Dolley, looking at his watch at eleven-thirty p. m.

"Didn't you know?" replied Miss Gaskett. "Why, it began to get late more than an hour ago.—[Judge.

A Great Reunion of Veterans.

The growth of the Grand Army of the Republic, since its organization in 1866, has been rapid and widespread beyond the wildest hopes of its originators. Ten States were represented in the meeting at which it was founded. To-day, twenty seven years later, it comprises forty-five departments, seventy-five hundred posts, and nearly half a million members. Within the last few years, certainly within ten or twelve, its Annual Encampments have grown to enormous proportions. At the encampment held in Washington last year, it was estimated that not less than three hundred thousand people were in attendance. The veterans seem to realize that there will not be many years left them in which to fight their battles over again, and so they come together once each year in greater numbers than when the organization was younger.

This year the encampment is to be held in the west and Indianapolis has been chosen as the city, From a sentimental as well as a utilitarian point of view the choice was a fitting one. Thousands of veterans remember the Hoosier capital as a pleasant camping point going to and returning from the front. Indianapolis is the birth place of the organization as well as a convenient railroad center, with large hotel and boarding accommodations, wide streets, and in all respects well adapted as a meeting place. It is within thirty-five miles of the center of population of the United States and about the center of membership of the G. A. R. It is near Chicago and fully three-fourths of the visitors to the World's Fair can pass through it without going out of their way. With the exceptionally favorable rates that will be allowed by all rail ways having Indianapolis connections, the coming encampment can be attended by the World's Fair visitors at a minimum cost. Seven lines of railway connect Indianapolis with Chicago and the running time between the two cities is six hours.

The arrangements for the entertainment and amusement of the veterans will be the most liberal that have ever been made. A fund of $150,000 has been raised by the citizens of Indianapolis for expenses, and the plans are of a character that assure the old veterans the greatest encampment in the history of the Grand Army.

Indianapolis has already been systematically canvassed for boarding places. Accommodations at a moderate price are at present available for many thousands. Persons who desire to be sure of comfortable quarters are put in the way of securing them by the Citizens' Executive Board of the encampment. All who are unable to secure accommodations in hotels and boarding houses will be provided for in barracks.

TROUGH CREEK.

The writer was in Huntingdon the day the M. E. preachers returned from conference. In the crowd was an old member of the church that I had not met for a number of years. I asked him who came to Cassville. He replied that he did not remember only that Shoemaker is to be your young man, and it is wrong. Rev. Shoemaker has been preaching for nearly 30 years and is admitted to be one of the best theologians and sermonizers in the Central Pennsylvania Conference. But he has a mind of his own and that don't suit some of the powers thatbe, nor does it suit some of the aristocracy of Cassville circuit, while it does suit a very large majority of the membership of the charge and the fact has immortalized some that have served the charge. The wrong was sanctioned by the estimating committee on last Saturday at the quarterly conference by violating the law of the church as laid down in the discipline in discriminating in favor of the preacher in charge and against the junior and the quarterly conference completed the mistake for the present by ratifying the mistake of the committee by a very small vote. While we feel well satisfied that a majority of the members of the quarterly conference thought it wrong only two had the back bone to stand up and be counted. When will men get courage to stand up for the right against the few that want to and have run matters to suit themselves. From the best information I can get Rev. Stine has not been preaching half as long as Rev. Shoemaker, and while I admire his preaching very much he will have to be up and doing if he out-

reaches Rev. Shoemaker, and to offer to pay him $800 a year and Rev. Shoemaker $250 is simply an outrage and is so considered by everyone that I have heard talk on the subject. If I am not very much mistaken some parties have made a grave mistake and they will not have to live 12 months to see it.

A MEMBER.

Reformatory Notes.

From Record of April 29.

Population, 350.

Last consecutive number. 1130.

Bedford county sent us an inmate on Saturday last.

Deputy Superintendent Gang was in Pittsburg yesterday.

Some of the officers donned their straw hats yesterday.

The brick makers have another kiln of bricks ready for burnirg.

Thirty visitors were shown through the Reformatory this week.

Officer Miller spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Philadelphia.

New window shades have been placed in the kitchen and dining-room.

Officer Lang was in James Creek, this county, on Thursday purchasing cattle.

General Superintendent Patton spent three days in Philadelphia this week.

Chaplain Forgeus was in Tyrone on Wednesday attending the funeral of a friend.

Northampton county increased our population by sending us two inmates yesterday.

Master Mechanic Colony and workmen placed a sink in the printing office on Thursday.

Another car load of large iron gratings for the new cell-house arrived since our last issue.

The total shipment of the shirt factory for the month of April was seven hundred and sixty dozen.

The carpenters have made some fancy bracket shelves for the Superintendent and Deputy's residences.

Two car loads of brown cut stone was received from Hummellstown, Pa., this week for the new cell-house.

Nos. 687, 721, 714, 430, 526, 727, 728, 725, 738, 737, 281, 433, 481, 719, and 600 received their final discharges this week.

Carpenter Myers made some repairs to the doors and locks in the Deputy Superintendent's residence since our last issue.

The shirt factory shipped three hundred and twenty-eight dozen shirts this week and received orders for sixty-eight dozen.

The engine formerly used in the laundry department is being repaired by the machinists, and will be placed in the carpenter shop.

The carpenters have completed a flag-pole fifty six feet in length, to be placed above the entrance of the Reformatory, with an American flag, 20x10 feet.

E. A. Feight and Andrew Gilbraith and son of Roaring Springs. Pa., visited the institution on Monday and were shown through the different departments by Prof. Likens.

Wanted.

Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen,
Rochester, N. Y.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Eclectric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Sold by B. O'Connor & sand and Son

New Millinery.

New Hats
New Bonnets
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ETC., ETC.

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J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottles at B. O'Connor & Sons. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00.

PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises on

Saturday, April 29, 1893,

commencing at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate situate in Cass township, Huntingdon county, containing 83 ACRES and 139 PERCHES, more or less.

This tract is along the foot of Jacks mountain and is bounded by lands of Isaac Dell, Joseph Stever and Michael Dell, the same being part of a larger tract of land resurveyed Sept. 23, 1849, in pursuance of a warrant granted to William Miller, bearing date of April 10, 1794. This tract is well set in timber and will be sold as two tracts of equal size.

Terms will be made known on day of sale. A reasonable credit will be given.

SAMUEL BOWMAN,
Att'y for heirs of Isaac Bowman, dec'd.

AUDITORS' REPORT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE BOROUGH OF MAPLETON FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 6, 1893.

Account of John A. Toomey, collector of borough duplicate. Tax, 5 mills.

DR.

To amt. of duplicate.....	$344 52	
To 5 per cent. additional on $44.24.....	2 21	
CR.		
By exonerations.....		$ 4 24
" 5 per cent. off $236.08 for prompt payment.....		11 80
" 3 per cent. for collecting $236.08.....		7 08
" 5 per cent. for collecting $104.20.....		5 21
" Treasurer's receipts.....		318 40
	$346 73	$346 73

Account of John A. Toomey, collector of Special Borough Fund, Series III. Tax, 3 mills.

DR.

To amt. of duplicate.....	$206 79	
" 5 per cent. additional on $25.24.....	1 26	
CR.		
By exonerations.....		$ 2 53
" 5 per cent. off $142.88 for prompt payment.....		7 14
" 3 per cent. for collecting $142.88.....		4 29
" 5 per cent. for collecting $61.38.....		3 07
" Treasurer's receipts.....		191 02
	$208 05	$208 05

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

Account of A. W. Swope, treasurer of Borough Fund.

DR.

To amount from 1891-92.....	$ 25 08	
" " " collector....	318 40	
" " trans. from Special Fund, Series II.....	57 70	
" fines from Burgess.....	3 30	
" licenses from Burgess....	4 00	
CR.		
By vouchers.....		$190 95
" 2 per cent. as treasurer...		3 82
Balance Dr.....		213 71
	$408 48	$408 48
Balance in treasury.....	$213 71	

Account of A. W. Swope, treasurer Special Borough Debt Fund, Series II.

DR.

To amt. from 1891-92.....	$192 32	
" " " state tax.....	53	
CR.		
By voucher.....		$132 50
" 2 per cent. as treasurer...		2 65
" amt. transferred to Borough Fund.....		57 70
	$192 85	$192 85

Account of A. W. Swope, treasurer Special Borough Debt Fund, Series III.

DR.

To proceeds of 5 bonds of $125 each.....	$625 00	
" amt. from collector.....	191 02	
CR.		
By vouchers.....		$752 47
" amt. paid Auditor Gen. for State tax.....		2 85
" 2 per cent. as treasurer...		15 11
Balance Dr.....		45 59
	$816 02	$816 02
Balance in treasury.....	$ 45 59	

STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES OF BOROUGH.

Borough Debt, Series III....	$500 00	
ASSETS.		
Bal. in treasury, Borough Fund.....		$213 71
" in treasury, Borough Debt Fund, Series III.		45 59
Liabilities in excess of assets.		240 70
	$500 00	$500 00
Liabilities in excess of assets.	$240 70	

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of Mapleton, being duly sworn, do certify that we have examined the orders, vouchers and accounts of the collector and treasurer of said borough and find same to be as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals this 3d day of April, A. D., 1893.

GEORGE MORGAN,
A. B. GILLAM,
J. H. SHIMER,
Auditors.

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W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

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A dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

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—BETWEEN—

Cassville & Mill Creek.

The undersigned has just placed on the old stage route between Mill Creek and Cassvile a new hack, and is prepared to give patrons first class accommodations. Leave Cassville every morning at 7.30 o'clock arriving at Mill Creek in time for Way Passenger; returning leave Mill Creek at 2.30 p. m. Patronage solicited.

J. H. RINDLAUB.

WE WANT YOU

to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one any where can earn a great deal of money. Many have made **Two Hundred Dollars a Month.** No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered to agents. You have a clear field, with no competition. We equip you with everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it.

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